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THURSDAY MORNING,

FEBRUARY 1, 1917.

LOS ANGELES

2c

# WINTER NEW GERMAN SAILORS ENTERED SHORE LEAVE.

## DIPLOMATIC BREAK AND PROBABLY WAR, IS FEAR OF THE AMERICAN EDITORS.

Commentators Seem to Think that the German Declaration of Unrestricted Use of the Submarine Spells Greatest Crisis the United States has had to Face Since the Beginning of Hostilities in Europe.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

THE following comment by American newspapers on the subject of the German note to the United States, in which Germany warns the world that she is to use the submarine to the fullest extent against the Entente Allies, has been gathered by the Associated Press:

**WORCESTER (MASS.) TELEGRAM**—It is a declaration of war against the United States, sent in the form of an insult which red-blooded Americans cannot stand for. It is the most astonishing paper ever issued by a government sustained by a sane people.

**NEW YORK SUN**—The note closes for the present the chapter of all-out efforts and tentative of parley into which President Wilson has written his idealistic hopes. It creates an entirely new situation, of the most practical sort, so far as the United States is concerned, and serious in the extreme in its possibilities of untoward incidents which may put to the test the steadfastness of Washington in its attitude and assertion of the principles which our State Department has already enunciated.

**HARTFORD COURANT**—Germany announces that she is going to increase the ferocity of her marine warfare and warns us to look out. The Allies declare that they want no peace without victory. That is the words so far from President Wilson's surprising intrusion into European affairs. England has the great navy of the world and it is up to her to protect the ships that Germany threatens to destroy. What Wilson will do about it remains with him.

### THE WORLD'S NEWS IN TODAY'S TIMES.

The Foremost Events of Yesterday: (1) The German Note. (2) Closing of the Port of New York. (3) Congress. (4) Mexico. (5) The Leak Inquiry. (6) The Mooney Trial. (7) Gen. Wood's Testimony.

#### INDEX.

- PART I.**
1. Starve England, Kaiser's Order.
  2. National Guard System Excited.
  3. Germans Threaten Hospital Ships.
  4. Happenings Along Pacific Slope.
  5. Mexican Sign Constitution.
  6. Weather Report: City in Brief.
- PART II.**
1. More Changes for Seventh.
  2. Marble Vision of Bunker Hill.
  3. Charity Board Asks Changes.
  4. Editorials: Pen Points: Verse.
  5. Ask Light on Lager Beer.
  6. Society Affairs: At the Theaters.
  7. News from Southland Counties.
  8. Public Service: City Hall, Courts.
- PART III.**
1. Orange Wins from Clubmen.
  2. New Rules for Ball Players.
  3. Business: Stocks and Bonds.
  4. Produce and Citrus Markets.

#### SUMMARY.

**THE SKY.** Clear. Wind at 5 p. m., southerly, velocity 5 miles. Thermometer, highest, 60 deg.; lowest, 42 deg. Forecast: Fair and cold Thursday; killing frost in the morning. For complete weather report see last page of Part I.

**THE CITY.** Officers are scouring Southern California for the author of the ferocious murder of a well-to-do woman rancher near Azusa.

More changes are forecast for the Seventh Regiment; the resignation of Maj. Copp was asked but is not being pressed.

A lieutenant of Villa, recalled to the border by the bandit chief, told of plans to strike when Pershing gets out.

The District Attorney of Kern county is suing the whole grand jury of that community for calling him an assassin.

A civic center reaching from Normal Hill to the Temple Block is the most recent and most remarkable vision of the city planners.

**SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.** That compulsory military service is essential to the security of the country is the opinion expressed by Col. W. T. Winter of Manila, who is stopping at the Raymond.

Santa Ana woman finds her brother through a want advertisement after a separation of thirty-seven years.

Death driver of auto demands a jury trial, and case will be tried in South Pasadena.

**PACIFIC SLOPE.** Surprise testimony in the Mooney trial shakes confidence of the prosecution.

**HINT TO READERS:** It is a mistake to jump at the wrong conclusion that all, or even the greater part, of the news reported in this paper is untrue. The editor and the publisher, who are the only ones who can be trusted, are the only ones who can be trusted.

Wilson, subject, of course, to the advice of Col. House of Texas.

**WASHINGTON POST**—Germany's note will fall upon the American public with surprising effect. No doubt it is in view of this danger that President Wilson made such extraordinary efforts to bring about peace. It is impossible for this government to tolerate the new rule which Germany seems to impose.

**ARIZONA REPUBLICAN (PHOENIX)**—The note of Germany makes scraps of paper of all understandings hitherto reached between Washington and Berlin on that subject. The United States must either accept Germany's position, back down or prepare for eventualities.

**ALBUQUERQUE (N. M.) JOURNAL**—Germany evidently believes she has cornered the world. This is a desperate step which makes severance of diplomatic relations with the United States inevitable. The worst provocation has happened. Secretary Lansing's fears of the imminence of war have been fulfilled. And still the people of the United States, proud and unangered, but perplexed, will hope that participation in any such European struggle may be averted.

**NEBRASKA STATE JOURNAL**—On its face the note given of the coming unrestricted submarine warfare means a clash with the United States. The definite promise given after the Lusitania incident is now to be withdrawn. That is the worst phase of the situation is the possibility that Great Britain is preparing to transform all of her merchantmen into virtual warships, and intends to make an offensive as well as a defensive warfare upon all enemy submarines.

**SAN FRANCISCO CHRONICLE**—Looked at in a practical way, and it should be remembered that none of the belligerents has respected the provisions of international law, Germany is simply cutting loose from all restraints and proceeding on the principle that all is fair in warfare and that is best which makes for victory. It is a desperate move, but America can and should do nothing until she is specifically injured.

**DENVER POST**—Germany is rushing to her doom. There is no plan in the universe that permits a nation to succeed by such methods as these, and this final step of Germany, in defiance of the United States, permits President Wilson to have no other choice than the severance of diplomatic relations altogether.

**SIOUX FALLS (S. D.) PRESS**—It is inconceivable that the United States government, standing as it consistently has from the beginning of this war for obedience to law, should give such approval of lawlessness as would be implied by obedience to Germany's suggestion.

**PHILADELPHIA PUBLIC LEDGER**—It is impossible to exaggerate the gravity of the situation created by the German note or to ignore the indisputable fact that it brings the United States not only to the necessity of facing an immediate severance of diplomatic relations with Germany, but to the very verge of war. There can be no question of American rights and duties in this grave emergency.

**INDIANAPOLIS STAR**—A ruthless campaign, such as indicated in the Berlin announcement, will embitter the Allied nations to such an extent that peace efforts of neutralists are likely to fall on deaf ears. The

war rapidly is degenerating into a rough-and-tumble, dog-eat-dog scramble in which the rights of neutrals and the laws of humanity count for nothing when they interfere with a belligerent.

**CLEVELAND LEADER**—By the plain terms of the note given out by the German government the United States is brought face to face with a new possible war. There must be plainly in direct defiance of the United States. But the orders to submarine commanders may be more restricted than the terms of the note indicate. This possibly may decide the issue between the United States and Germany.

**BALTIMORE SUN**—The government is now facing the most critical situation of the whole war. We cannot shield ourselves from the more illegal killing of American citizens on the high seas. If insisted upon this month, a break with the central Powers, then the break must come.

**SAN ANTONIO (TEX.) EX-PRESS**—This nation will not submit to a new kind of warfare. The United States is a nation of free men and women, and the right of passage and property in any waters is a sacred right.

**WACO (TEX.) NEWS**—President Wilson has been more than patient. He must now decide whether the United States shall suffer the loss of the major part of her foreign commerce or go to war. And Germany is talking to a man of courage as well as to a master of diplomacy.

**WICHITA (KAN.) EAGLE**—The United States must act at once. And its first action should be to hand Ambassador von Bernstorff his passports and send him home on an unpunctuated passenger ship through the midst of the German submarine

Diplomacy.

## KAISER'S DECLARATION ON SUBMARINE WAR.

Full Text of Note Delivered to Lansing by Count von Bernstorff.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

**WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.**—Following is the full text of the note delivered today by the German ambassador, Count von Bernstorff, to Secretary of State Lansing on the subject of submarine warfare:

Mr. Secretary of State: Germany's policy has been good enough to transmit to the imperial government a copy of the message which the President of the United States of America addressed to the Senate on the 22nd instant.

The imperial government has given it the earnest consideration which the President's statements deserve, inspired as they were by a deep sentiment of responsibility. It is highly gratifying to the imperial government to ascertain that the tendencies of this important statement correspond largely to the desires and principles which Germany has always followed. These principles especially include self-government and equality of rights for all nations. Germany would be sincerely glad if, in recognition of this principle, countries like Ireland and India, which do not enjoy benefits of political independence, should now obtain their freedom. The German people also rejoice to involve them in a net of selfish intrigues. On the other hand, Germany will gladly co-operate in all efforts to prevent future wars. The freedom of the sea, being a preliminary condition of the free existence of nations and the peaceful intercourse between them, as well as the open door for the commerce of all nations, has always formed part of the leading principles of Germany's political programme. All the more the imperial government regrets that the attitude of her enemies who are so entirely opposed to peace, make it impossible to lay down at present to bring about realization of these lofty ideals.

Germany and her allies have been imposed upon the full use of her sea power, the German government announces that the step is taken because of the failure of the Entente Allies attempt to bring about peace "owing to the lust for conquest of their enemies."

The usual bandit raids are reported to have been carried out in violation of convention has finished its labors at Queretaro and adjoined. Some radio, change in the fundamental law of the country have been made, and it is said the property of the Catholic church has practically been confiscated.

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## RUTHLESS SUBMARINE WARFARE DECIDED ON.

Campaign May Bring the Super-Crisis of Three Years upon America.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

**WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.**—Germany has declared for unrestricted submarine warfare. A starvation blockade of England, the like of which the world never has known, was announced to the world today in notes delivered to American Ambassador Gerard in Berlin and to the State Department here by Count von Bernstorff.

Thus begins the long-feared campaign of ruthlessness, conceived by Von Hindenburg. It is said here on a magnitude never even contemplated by Von Tirpitz.

Again the United States faces severance of diplomatic relations with Germany, with all its eventual possibilities. President Wilson's repeated warnings of "a world affair" and Secretary Lansing's stern statements are being recalled in the capital tonight with feelings of apprehension and misgiving.

Germany's action is the super-crisis of all those that have marked the American government in two and a half years of world war.

**PEACE PROSPECTS SMALL.** Talk of peace in Europe and means of preserving the peace of the world have gone glimmering. President Wilson, incredulous, has refused to comment on the official document, which had just been presented to Secretary Lansing by the German Ambassador, Mr. Bernstorff.

The President has the task of deciding what shall be the answer to the refusal of the Entente Allies to talk peace. Three immediate steps are among the possibilities. The United States might solemnly warn Germany against violation of her pledges; it might be decided that the German warning be treated as a declaration of intention to disregard those pledges and a sufficient warrant for breaking off diplomatic relations; it might be decided to await the results of the blockade and determine the course of the United States on the actual operations develop.

**BLOCKADE IS EFFECTIVE.** On almost every side Germany's drastic action is interpreted as an open confession of the effectiveness of the British blockade. It is regarded as a determination to strike back in kind.

German officials in the United States estimate the food supply on the British Isles will last a month.

Admittedly, the plan is to carry starvation to the door of England with swift, staggering results. As a safeguard to Germany's announced determination to use every weapon and agency at her command and the war to bring England to her knees within sixty days. One German official here predicted that the war would be over in a month.

Conveyed to the world as her answer to the refusal of the Entente Allies to talk peace, Germany's latest warning says: "From February 1, 1917, all ships of the Entente, Great Britain, France, Italy and in the Eastern Mediterranean will be considered as prizes of war."

**BLOCKADE EXTENDED.** It is virtually a renewal and extension of the celebrated submarine blockade of the British Isles proclaimed on February 4, 1916, and which became effective on February 18, 1916. Under it ships were sunk without warning until Germany abandoned the practice and gave her assurance, in the Sussex case, to abide by international law. The Lusitania, the Falaba and scores of other ships were sunk under the decree.

American citizens and American ships are warned from entering the war zones, although certain precautionary measures are suggested for distinguishing German ships from those of the Entente.

The German view is that the new policy will improve the general prospects of an early peace. Germany is represented as still being ready to discuss peace at any time. However, it is declared that German officials, both in this country and in Berlin, feel that the declaration of changed policy should make it clear that Germany and her allies are in the war to the last drop of blood.

Unrestricted submarine warfare, it was declared, was decided upon as soon as the nature of the Entente reply to President Wilson's note became known, and before the President's address to the Senate.

The President's address, it was said, authoritatively coming in the midst of the situation, and because of its nature, made it clear that Germany and her allies were in the war to the last drop of blood.

The new German proclamation, it was declared, was decided upon as soon as the nature of the Entente reply to President Wilson's note became known, and before the President's address to the Senate.

Today's announcement, reciting the refusal of Germany's enemies to discuss her peace proposals referring to the starvation blockade, says:

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## Later Dispatches

With fresh news marked "30"

Careful.

## NAVY YARD COMMANDER ISSUES STRICT ORDERS.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

(30)

**PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 31.**—Orders were issued tonight by Capt. Russell, commandant of the Philadelphia navy yard, denying shore leave until further notice to the sailors on the German cruisers Prinz Eitel Friedrich and the Kronprinz Wilhelm, interned at the yard.

There are about 700 men aboard the two boats and they have been granted shore leave twice a week.

**NEW YORK, Feb. 1.**—Col. E. M. House, one of President Wilson's most trusted unofficial advisers, left for Washington at 12:30 o'clock this morning. He secluded himself in a sleeping car before the train was opened to other travelers.

**NEW YORK, Jan. 31.**—The purpose of Collector of the Port Malone's order in sealing the port of New York remained a mystery upon which he declined to throw any light. He has full authority to act upon his own initiative in case of emergency, as he is held responsible for enforcing neutrality.

While there was no apparent basis for the belief that such drastic action resulted from information that one or more of the great German liners interned at Hoboken was preparing to make a dash for the open sea, it was significant that a deputy collector conferred tonight on the Hamburg-American line dock with the Chief of Police of Hoboken and representatives of the steamship company.

Twenty-four steamships, some of them the largest in the world, owned by German interests, are tied up at piers on the New Jersey side of the Hudson River, while three Austrian vessels are docked at Brooklyn piers. All of them have been under constant surveillance of United States agents to prevent any violation of neutrality. A neutrality squad was organized more than a year ago under the direction of Mr. Malone.

It has been understood since the beginning of the war that prompt action would be taken if an international situation should arise under which the crews or agents of the steamers might desire to destroy their own vessels.

Deputy Collector of the Port Lamb and a squad of customs officers, assisted by several Hoboken detectives, carefully inspected tonight the German vessels docked at Hoboken, paying particular attention to the machinery. It was reported, however, that everything was found in a satisfactory condition.

At midnight twenty patrolmen were dispatched to docks at the Hudson River and One Hundred and Thirtieth street, where five Hamburg-American line ships are tied. Many other patrolmen were held in reserve in stations as far north as Spuyten Duyvil. The officers were not told what their duties were to be.

## GERMAN RACE AGAINST TIME.

[BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.]

(30)

**LONDON, Feb. 1.**—"Signs of increased ruthlessness and intensity in the submarine campaign are accumulating fast," says the Times. "The German manifesto with regard to hospital ships has all the familiar marks of a German document designed to prepare the way for inhuman deeds."

The Morning Post's naval correspondent, discussing the submarine menace generally, says Germany knows, if she can reach a certain point in commerce-destroying, the Entente Allies must yield, and therefore she is desperately, yet methodically, striving to reach that point while there is yet time.

"In general terms," says the correspondent, "the situation may be defined as a race against time. If Germany can destroy enough ships, both neutral and belligerent, before she is defeated on land she will win. If the Allies can maintain sufficient sea transport they will win. At this moment it is impossible to predict the issue, but the people of this country would do well to prepare for certain contingencies."

Underscore.

## WE ARE READY FOR 'EM, THE BRITISH ANNOUNCE.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

**NEW YORK, Jan. 31.**—Great Britain and her Allies are prepared to meet Germany's moves in her submarine campaign, it was authoritatively asserted in shipping circles here tonight. The Entente Powers were convinced weeks ago that ruthless warfare with undersea boats would be decreed sooner or later and have known for ten days that the decision had been reached, it was said.

The ports of Liverpool and Bordeaux will be kept open at all hazards, British shipping representatives asserted even if it becomes necessary to convoy every merchant ship which crosses the Atlantic. The first step to be taken by the British Admiralty, which virtually controls the merchant fleets of the Allies, will be to arm every ship with guns and aft for defensive purposes, it was predicted.

To meet the emergency, which it was confidently expected would arise eventually, the British government has been assembling for months, it was said, a large fleet of small, fast cruisers to be used as "submarine chasers." This type of war craft has proven very effective against undersea boats, well-informed shipping men declared.

Agents of British lines declared the Admiralty now has a fleet of 4000 vessels available to keep the sea lanes clear of raiders and submarines and to act as convoys.

The Admiralty has so arranged sailings and bookings, it was explained, that they can be changed without delay to meet whatever circumstances may arise. This assertion was made that there will be no interruption in the sailings from American ports of ships flying the flags of the Entente Allies.



# Vicious National Guard System Excoriated by Gen. Wood; Not Soldiers He Declares.

## MOBILIZATION TRAGEDY, COMMITTEE IS TOLD. FEDERAL SUPPLY SYSTEM FAILED UTTERLY, "OBJECTORS" TO MILITARY SERVICE TRIED TO POISON PREMIER, IS CHARGE.

**Federal Supply System Failed Utterly, "Objectors" to Military Service Tried to Poison Premier, is Charge.**

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Major Gen. Leonard Wood, recalled today for cross-examination before the Senate National Training Subcommittee, said army officers were not disposed to shirk responsibility for the war department's shortcomings in its direction of the National Guard mobilization at the border, but reiterated that the guard system was in itself "vicious and indefensible" because of defects inherent in its organization.

In response to questions by Senator Lee of Maryland, a defender of the guard system at whose instance the cross-examination was ordered, Gen. Wood admitted that the Federal government's supply plans for the state troops collapsed ten days after they were called out, and that in certain respects, mobilization of the regulars, like the guard, failed to come up to expectations. He insisted, however, that a system "without a shadow of State interference" would have operated to much better effect and that the only ultimate solution to the problem would be universal service under exclusive Federal control.

**WILL RECALL GEN. SCOTT.**  
Tomorrow the committee will cross-examine Maj.-Gen. Hugh L. Scott, Chief of Staff, who, in his testimony several weeks ago, took a stand similar to that of Gen. Wood. Gen. Wood repeated today his assertion that the mobilization was a tragedy, but also declared he did not intend to criticize the officers and men of the guard, but only the "vicious, indefensible system."

"By supreme effort in six months," he said, "we got 150,000 men to the border. The country could have been again up by an efficient army in that time."

Senator Lee pointed out that the regular army had played its part in the failure.

"Yes," said Gen. Wood, "and I would go farther. The war department with a staff and staff officers, and the greatest failure of the Federal government, Gen. Wood said, was the supply system. Great Britain had faced the same thing, he added, when the European war came and found it necessary to abandon her whole system and create a department of munitions."

**IN CASE OF REAL WAR.**  
"If the border trouble had gone to a real war," he said, "we would have had to do that; create a commission with some live, energetic business men upon it. We would have had to create the conscripts out of the supply department and get some punch into it; convert it from a wheedling vehicle to something that would run."

"The men and officers of the guard are high-minded and patriotic individuals," Gen. Wood said, "but not soldiers."

"It would have been murder to send them against any fairly efficient force," he added.

The government arsenal's method of equipping state troops had com-

pletely broken down within ten days after the call was made, Gen. Wood said. The war department, he declared, even had supplies been ready the men would have been untrained. The officer could see no hope that an effective force ever could be built up except under exclusive Federal control, divorced wholly from the State government.

"The officers and men of the National Guard are entitled to the highest credit," Gen. Wood said. "We are attacking a vicious and indefensible system. I am equally strong against the volunteer system."

Under the National Guard system the same opinion when Chief of Staff and he believed Maj.-Gen. Wetherill and Scott, his successors, took the same view.

**PERSISTENT QUESTION.**  
"Then the last three Chiefs of Staff have been called upon to administer a system which they looked upon as vicious and indefensible?" asked Senator Lee. "You think it possible they could administer a system which they regarded in an effective and friendly manner?"

"I think if you had been at the mobilization camps you would have seen the men who were called out, and that in certain respects, mobilization of the regulars, like the guard, failed to come up to expectations. He insisted, however, that a system "without a shadow of State interference" would have operated to much better effect and that the only ultimate solution to the problem would be universal service under exclusive Federal control."

Gen. Wood was drawn aside from the question of machine guns. Under the present organization of the war department, he said, the country would never be properly equipped in this regard. He cited tests with the Lewis machine gun, saying that the British and French armies were being equipped with them "with frantic energy," while the American ordnance bureau was still rejecting it as unsatisfactory.

Turning back to the National Guard question Maj.-Gen. Wood said that "under urgent, confidential instruction" during the mobilization the National Guard was equipped with troops although without specific authority.

"It seemed criminal," he said, "to send a man to the border to be equipped in the face of their presumptive enemy."

"The inefficiency of the army supply department was glaring. Gen. Wood said, the medical department showed improvement over Spanish War days. There is no organization now on the border, regular or National Guard, which is at war strength and fully equipped."

Sincerely trusting that the people and the United States will understand the motives for this decision and its necessity, the imperial government, however, has decided that the United States may view the new situation from the lofty heights of impartiality and realize that their part, to prevent further misery and unavoidable sacrifice of human life.

Including a memorandum regarding the details of the contemplated military measures at sea, I remain,

J. BERNSTORFF.

**PATENTS GRANTED TO CALIFORNIANS.**  
(BY DIRECT WIRE-EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)  
WASHINGTON BUREAU OF THE TIMES, Jan. 31.—Patents were issued to Californians today as follows: Emmet B. Arnold, Los Angeles, for a method of extracting potash from minerals; Julius A. Blum, Los Angeles, for a method of extracting potash from minerals; H. Burkhardt, Los Angeles, for a method of extracting potash from minerals; Charles H. Carleton, San Francisco, for a method of extracting potash from minerals; Harry A. Clegg, Los Angeles, for a method of extracting potash from minerals; Leonard E. Clawson, San Francisco, for a method of extracting potash from minerals; William C. Cutler, Los Angeles, for a method of extracting potash from minerals.

Lee De Forest, Palo Alto, wireless telegraph; L. De Forest, Palo Alto, wireless telegraph; Joseph A. Dewey, San Francisco, folding bed; Eugene H. DeWitt, Los Angeles, for a method of extracting potash from minerals; John C. Henderson, San Francisco, for a method of extracting potash from minerals; Christopher S. Hovis, San Luis Obispo, for a method of extracting potash from minerals; Joseph A. Hovis, San Luis Obispo, for a method of extracting potash from minerals; H. Kaplan, San Francisco, for a method of extracting potash from minerals; Arthur H. Krieger, Los Angeles, for a method of extracting potash from minerals; Umberto Magni, Los Angeles, for a method of extracting potash from minerals; Frederick W. Mann and M. L. Chappell, Berkeley, production of aromatic bodies from petroleum oils; Cornelius J. Marvin, Los Angeles, for a method of extracting potash from minerals; David B. McGinnis, Fresno, means for saving heat; Elbert V. Mendelhall, Los Angeles, table mat; Warren B. Miller, Los Angeles, for a method of extracting potash from minerals; Elmer C. Northrup, San Francisco, heat motor; N. P. O'Connell, Los Angeles, for a method of extracting potash from minerals; Henry M. Ruff, Los Angeles, for a method of extracting potash from minerals; combined pasteurizing holding and cooling means; Walter J. Saunders, Los Angeles, for a method of extracting potash from minerals; Emerson T. Shaw, San Francisco, for a method of extracting potash from minerals; Carl G. Sigurd, San Jose, for a method of extracting potash from minerals; Antonio Saymowski, San Francisco, theater chair; August T. Schaefer, Los Angeles, for a method of extracting potash from minerals; Harman L. Welch, Los Angeles, air gun; James P. Welch, Los Angeles, for a method of extracting potash from minerals; Harvey P. Wellman, Oakland, non-mercurating and recording machine; Wilson B. Wigle, Berkeley, for a method of extracting potash from minerals; Fred L. Williams, San Francisco, power generating apparatus; William D. Wright, San Diego, electric cooking apparatus.

**DERBY, Jan. 31, 2:25 p.m.**—Four persons were arraigned in the police court at the Derby Guild hall this morning charged with plotting the murder of Premier Lloyd George and Arthur Henderson, the Premier's right-hand man in the War Council.

The accused persons indignantly denied the charges, declaring they had been trumped up as punishment for their conscientious objections to compulsory military service. Proceedings at the Guildhall, at which the Mayor presided, were merely of a formal nature. No details of the charges or evidence were divulged, although gossip has been busy with rumors of various details since the news of the arrest was received here.

The accused persons, who are all well known here, are Mrs. Alice Wheelton, her two daughters, Mrs. Ann Wheelton and Mrs. Alfred George Mason, and the latter's husband. Two of the women are school teachers.

A dispatch from London last night quoted the Daily Mail as saying that the man and two of the women were arrested at Derby and the third woman at Southampton, that all of them would be arraigned today at Derby.

The Daily Sketch says: "The police have unearthed what is believed to be a plot to murder the Premier, with the result that Mrs. Wheelton, her daughter, Miss Ann Wheelton, her daughter, Mrs. Alfred George Mason, and the latter's husband, have been arrested. They were taken to the Police Station and formally charged with conspiring to murder Mr. Lloyd George."

Both Lloyd George and Henderson are known as very democratic and accessible. Recently there has been some agitation for better protection of the nation's leaders.

The details are yet unknown but it is known that the conspirators aimed at causing the Premier's death by poison.

**"Declaration."**  
(Continued from First Page.)

ending the war will, on both sides, preserve the life of thousands of brave soldiers and bring about the end of the suffering. The Imperial government cannot justify its own conduct before the German people and before history the neglect of any means destined to bring about the end of the suffering. The Imperial government has decided that the United States may view the new situation from the lofty heights of impartiality and realize that their part, to prevent further misery and unavoidable sacrifice of human life.

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# Declares. Germans Threaten Hospital Ships Carrying Munitions.

## LEDGES "ARTIST" CHARGE SUPPLIES SENT UNDER RED CROSS FLAG.

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IS URGED TO BAR STRIKES. (BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)—The House of Representatives today passed a bill to prevent railroad strikes and to provide for the payment of wages to railroad employees during a strike.

RAISED IN PRICE. (BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)—The price for all sizes of envelopes, effective February 1, 1917, has been raised by the Department of the Interior. The new prices are as follows: 10-cent envelopes, 12 cents; 5-cent envelopes, 6 cents; 3-cent envelopes, 4 cents; 1-cent envelopes, 2 cents.

THE SUBJECT PLEDGE. (BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)—The German government has pledged to the United States that it will not use force to acquire territory in the Americas. The pledge was made in a letter from the German ambassador to the United States, which was received in Washington today.

### BEEKEEPERS ARE SWARMING.

Americans Eat Three Times as Much Honey as Three Years Ago.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)—MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 31.—Americans are eating three times as much honey now as they were three years ago. The reason for this is the increase in the production of honey in the United States. The production of honey in the United States in 1916 was 1,000,000 barrels, compared with 300,000 barrels in 1913.

### SEVENTEEN VESSELS SUNK BY SUBMARINES.

(BY WIRELESS AND A. P.)—BERLIN, Jan. 31. (via Sayville.)—The German submarine which recently sank a British torpedo boat, says the Overseas News Agency today, sank in addition seventeen vessels of 15,000 tons gross from January 18 to January 25. In the cargo of these vessels were 5000 tons of wheat and about 7500 tons of coal and other contraband of war.

### BRITISH CASUALTIES IN JANUARY TOTAL.

(BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)—LONDON, Jan. 31, 11 a.m.—The total of British casualties, as reported in the published lists during January, is 960 officers and 31,394 men.

### MANY AIRPLANES LOST BY GERMANY.

(BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)—PARIS, Jan. 31.—A semi-official statement was issued today concerning a German assertion that the Germans lost only 221 airplanes last year. The statement says that the French military records show 417 German machines were shot down by aviators; that 195 other machines were destroyed by the ground forces; and that twenty-nine captive balloons were blown up.

When the Associated Press dispatches tell of the German note to President Wilson, the news began arriving at the White House today. President Wilson was in his office talking with a friend. Secretary Tamm hurried to him with the news.

### POLISH COUNCIL NOTES WILSON PEACE SPEECH.

(BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)—WARSAW, Jan. 30. (via Berlin, Jan. 31, and London.)—The Provisional Polish State Council has telegraphed the following message to President Wilson in regard to the President's recent speech to the Senate: "The Provisional State Council of the kingdom of Poland, which has been proclaimed by the proclamation of November 8, 1916, solemnly announced by the monarchs of Germany and Austria-Hungary, has the honor, Mr. President, to take cognizance of your message. It is the first time in this war that the head of a powerful neutral state, who at the same time is the chief representative of a great nation, has declared officially that according to his conviction, the independence of the Polish state is the only just solution of the Polish question, and an insurmountable condition of a lasting and just peace. For this reason, the Polish people, Mr. President, the Provisional State Council, with the deepest gratitude and respect in its own name and in the name of the Polish nation, expresses its warmest thanks to you."

### MACHINERY NEEDED TO REPLACE WORKMEN.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)—NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—All the countries at war must face new labor conditions in the future, the American industrial commission has declared in another installment of its report on the industrial situation of that country, issued today. "Millions of the best young men have been killed," said the commission, "and while the increased use of women labor is of great value, it cannot fully supply the need. Labor-saving devices and improved machinery are needed to replace the workmen who have been killed."

### GUNS ACTIVE ON THE CARSO.

Artillery Fighting Reported; Austrian Guns Busy.

British Bombard the Germans Southeast of Ypres.

Teutons Storm Russians on East Bank of the Aa.

(BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)—ROME, Jan. 31. (via London.)—(British Admiralty per Wireless Press.)—Considerable artillery activity along the Austro-Italian front, notably in Carso, where the Austrian guns have been more busily employed, is reported in today's War Office statement, which reads: "On the Trentino front and in Carso, desultory artillery engagements are reported at the head of the Camonica Valley, in the mountainous area of Lake Garda and in the upper Adige Valley between Talpucello and Monte Zellerkottel."

"Yesterday on the Julian front the enemy's artillery showed increased activity on the Carso. Our batteries vigorously replied and disturbed the movements of troops in the rear. "In the whole theater of these operations the temperature was exceedingly low, reaching on some of the higher points, 24 deg. Centigrade below zero."

BRITISH REPORT. (BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)—LONDON, Jan. 31.—The report from British headquarters in France today reads: "One officer and twenty-four other ranks were captured by us in the past twenty-four hours on our new front south of Le Transloy. Early this morning the enemy attempted to rush some of our advanced posts in the neighborhood of Beaumont and the west of Serre; the enemy attacks were repulsed in each case. We took a few prisoners. "The enemy's activity has shown marked activity during the day in the neighborhood of Morval. Our artillery carried out much effective counter-battery work and bombarded the enemy positions and works northeast of Neuville St. Vaast and southeast of Ypres with good results."

BERLIN VERSION. (BY WIRELESS AND A. P.)—BERLIN, Jan. 31. (via Sayville.)—German troops stormed yesterday Russian positions on the east bank of the Aa River, near the northern end of the Russian front and repulsed several Russian counterattacks. They took prisoner more than 900 men and captured fifteen machine guns.

### AUSTRIAN REPORT.

The following official Austro-Hungarian report was received here today: "Our troops in the Gorizia district (Italian front) were again successful. Near Kostanjevica, detachments of Infantry Regiment No. 71 entered hostile positions, defeated several Italian companies, destroyed trenches and returned with six captured officers, 140 men and ten machine guns. East of Hartof the detachments of Territorial Infantry Regiment No. 2 as a result of a similar enterprise brought in twenty-one prisoners and two machine guns. "Our positions between Lake Garda and the Adige Valley were again under fire yesterday."

FRENCH MAKE GAINS. (BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)—PARIS, Jan. 31.—A French detachment penetrated the first two lines of German trenches in Lorraine south of Leintrey last night, says today's official report. All the occupants of the trenches were routed and prisoners were taken. "Tonight's official War Office communication reads: "In the course of the day quite violent artillery actions took place at various points along the front, notably in the sector of Rheims and on the right bank of the Meuse. There was no infantry action."

FROM PETROGRAD. (BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)—PETROGRAD, Jan. 31. (via London.)—Russian troops have captured an Austro-German fortification east of Jacoben, southwest of Kimpolung, near the northern end of the Rumanian front, the War Office announced today. "The attack in general was arrested but near the Kalmens-Chlo high the Russian forces were withdrawn two-thirds of a mile after the assault."

### SENTENCE INCREASED BY HIS APPEAL.

(BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)—PARIS, Jan. 31.—William Chesler Silberman, of New York, who was sentenced to five months' imprisonment and a fine of \$500 francs as a charge of trading with the enemy, has had his sentence increased to one year's imprisonment as the result of an appeal to the higher court. Silberman went to Paris as the representative of the King Rubber Company of Hyde Park, Mass. He was commissioned by Gottwik, Schuler & Company, the New York agents of the Massachusetts firm, to sell rubber gloves to the belligerent nations. He was denounced in Paris by a Serbian who had known him in New York and was arrested last October. Representations in regard to his case were made to the United States State Department by his sister, a resident of New York, and by Paul Gottwik, his employer.

### GERMAN REPLIES TO WILSON'S PEACE PLAN.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)—WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, today presented to Secretary Lansing a note replying to the President's world peace address before the Senate. The Ambassador announced that the communication was identical with the communication handed Ambassador Gerard at Berlin. "Why was time and money looking for office, when you are getting what you want at the same price in the Black Building?"

WHY was time and money looking for office, when you are getting what you want at the same price in the Black Building?

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# BRADFORD

Is now baking your favorite loaf in a newly constructed, white tile bakery, complete with equipment of the newest type.

The quality, that for many years has built the Bradford reputation, will greet you in every loaf.

|               |         |
|---------------|---------|
| White         | Graham  |
| Panama Cream  | Bran    |
| German Toast  | Rye     |
| Whole Wheat   | Raisin  |
| Cracked Wheat | Aerated |

Your dealer sells Bradford's

# Finest Collection of ORIENTAL AND CHINESE RUGS AT PUBLIC AUCTION

JUST RELEASED FROM U. S. CUSTOMS HOUSE of LOS ANGELES

We have one of the finest collections of antique and modern Chinese and Persian rugs in the United States at this time. On Wednesday we released from the customs authorities a large shipment of rugs imported directly by us. In order to pay the duty it was necessary for us to overlook some of our very important bills. We cannot keep this extraordinary collection unless we meet some of our obligations. We have taken this course.

Part of this collection will be sacrificed regardless of value.

Rugs as large as 37x14.6 to be sold on the afternoons of Thursday, Friday and Saturday, February 1st, 2nd and 3rd, at 2:30 o'clock

## S. M. CONSTANTIN

340 South Broadway

Rugs Released and O.K'd by Customs Authorities Wednesday Last

A. S. Sallam Will Personally Conduct this Sale

# "Choose a Conservative Bank, Son."

"YOUR success is not to be achieved as a result of one favorable loan made to you by a bank—Success takes time. That is why I say—choose a bank that is conservative. They may not always loan you as much money as you think they should. But they are more likely to be able to meet your legitimate needs—year in and year out, under all circumstances, than you may imagine. You do your part—keep up a good balance—and you can rely on such a bank to do their part every time. Choose a Conservative Bank. And stick to it."

## German American Trust & Savings Bank

Spring at Seventh St.-Los Angeles

Savings-Commercial-Trust

# BELLANS

Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

# CHICAGO AND EAST

EVERY DAY Through Salt Lake City

# EAT

Christopher's Quality Ice Cream































**Discouraged.**  
**HIS TROUBLES LEAD**  
**TO DESPERATE**  
**JAMES A. CRAIG INHALES**  
**FUMES.**

Former Police Commissioner  
Returned to Time and His  
and Story of Wife's Illness  
His Own Affliction as Reason  
Attempt.

James A. Craig, former  
commissioner and at one time  
in Democratic politics,  
tempted to end his life in his  
n. 441 Centennial street, yester-  
day, inhaling gas. The fumes  
escaped from the window  
armed other tenants in  
siding, who rescue Mr. Craig  
had become unconscious.  
In an adjoining room was his  
wife, also affected by the  
gas, who were taken to the Re-  
cipient for treatment.  
For fifteen days, Mr. Craig  
has been in the hospital, his  
condition being such that  
recurrent attacks of  
paralytic illness and had  
become comatose.  
Lack of sleep and discor-  
dant judgment, he said,  
determined to end his life.  
He had filled all the cracks  
or leading from his room to  
the rest of the house, and  
he reached her. His wife  
saw the front windows open  
and it was these who  
saved his life.  
His condition is serious as  
years old and not strong,  
he is 44 years old. He  
lived in California fifty-four

In April.

**REASONS TO CONCL**

Local Commanders  
and Largest Band, Drill  
Knights and Ladies  
to Sacramento for the  
Competition.

Los Angeles Masons will be  
represented at the fifty-ninth  
annual convention of the Grand  
Mastery of California, which  
opens at Sacramento, April  
10, inclusive, according to  
one of the two local com-  
manders. It is planned to send  
not only West Commandery No.  
1, but also a large number  
of Knights of both commands.  
There will be representatives  
of the fifty-four commands  
of California, and the com-  
manders of the two local com-  
mands will attend. Monday  
evening will be given over to  
the Grand Chapter, the Grand  
Mastery will meet on Thursday  
evening, and Saturday will be  
devoted to the conclusion. During  
the week the Los Angeles  
Masons will be made as  
comfortable as possible in an effort  
to win at the competition.

**Quandary.**  
**VINE REFUSES CA**

G. Campbell Morgan's  
Dor is the First Congregation  
Church "at sea" as to who  
will be named to fill  
Pulpit Here.

First Congregational Church  
city—one of the four in  
regional churches of As-  
signment "at sea" as to who  
new pastor, to take the  
vacant by the resignation  
William Horace Day.  
G. Campbell Morgan, who  
London divine, who  
by cablegram to come  
pulpit at least until the  
of the national assembly  
when he is expected to  
city, has sent a cablegram  
supply Committee, who  
is absolutely impossible  
leaves the local church  
definite man in view to  
pastorate. Members  
committee appointed to  
said last night the re-  
Morgan leaves them "at  
it may be several  
any definite movement  
place while the pro-  
supplied by notable pro-  
are available.

**Exotic.**

**LAND O' DREAMS.**

our Hats Room Decor-  
and Poppies and  
Mer and Women  
Dressed in Chinese  
Costumes.

storks and embroidered  
picturesque featur-  
operations in a room at  
the Angeles streets, where  
Fred Boden of the  
of Pharmacy raided  
and arrested Miss Mabel  
is said. Mrs. Boden's  
old; Floyd Thomas  
Fisher.

heavy fumes of opium  
about the exotic turn-  
inspector Boden forced  
to the room. The ques-  
tioned in Chinese cost-  
the most thorough  
Boden was unable  
which he is convinced  
is smoking, but found  
of material he believ-

**FOR BOY SCOUTS.**

on today a class of  
School will begin  
to Masters to later  
ers of all of the Boy  
Clubs in this city. The  
stakeout McNaughten,  
the Educational  
Boy Scouts. D. W. F.  
as instructor. The  
will be similar to the  
now under way in the  
of Southern California  
will be similar to the  
laid down for the  
tion, such as fric-  
first aid work, first  
inches, camp Co. of  
up and knot tying,  
ing and a general  
of the city-bred youth.

**Ever-advancing Southern Metropolis.**

**XXXVTH YEAR**

# MURDERS IN RUE MORGUE PARALLELED AT AZUSA.

**Ancient Ranch Owner Butchered in  
Her Own Kitchen—Motive Lacking.**

**WANTED:**  
"Jack, the Choker," Amer-  
ican, about 40 or 45 years old;  
five feet, seven inches tall;  
weight 145 pounds; sandy  
complexion, sandy mustache,  
red cheeks; black suit, black  
shirt, small round black  
hat, presumably a cap. Is  
rather neat-appearing. Last  
seen near the Russell ranch  
shortly before the murder.

A systematic search of Southern  
California was started by county of-  
ficers, assisted by the authorities of  
every near-by municipality, for the  
murder of Mrs. Adeline R. Rus-  
sell, well-to-do ranch owner of  
Azusa, found dead and horribly mu-  
tilated in the kitchen of her home  
yesterday noon. Working on the  
theory that the murderer may have  
fled to this city, Los Angeles de-  
tectives scoured the rooming-houses of  
the city last night.

The wanted man is known to the  
residents of Azusa as "Jack the  
Choker," because of his propensities  
during the past few years to travel  
about that vicinity choking old wom-  
en. Four years ago, he assaulted  
Mrs. Russell, forced her to take off  
her shirt waist, and held a knife over  
her heart, threatening instant death  
if she did not hand over all her  
money and valuables.

Working with the slightest  
clue, deputy sheriffs assigned to un-  
ravel the mystery admitted at a late  
hour last night that as yet they have  
been unable to discover a reason for  
the apparently cold-blooded murder  
of Mrs. Russell. The woman, who  
was 76 years old, was found lying  
almost doubled up on the floor of  
her kitchen by her daughter, Mrs.  
Mattie R. Reynolds, her throat sev-  
erly cut by a razor, the cut al-  
most separating her head from her  
body. She had been killed playing  
solitaire, the force of the blow over-  
turning the rockin chair in which she  
sat, throwing her body backwards.

**FEROCIOUS ATTACK.**  
The wound had been inflicted  
either with a razor or a very sharp  
butcher knife. The murderer, be-  
fore striking, had drawn back his  
victim's head with his other hand.

**N. B. Blackstone Co.**  
318-320-322 South Broadway  
The Very Essence of Spring  
Freshness and Newness Em-  
bodied in These Wonderful

**HATS**  
—AT FROM  
\$5.00  
—UPWARD.

—Introducing entirely  
new style themes in  
shape, material and  
trimming.  
—A great many ex-  
clusive with Black-  
stone's.  
—Each hat a rare "be-  
ginning of the season"  
value at its particular  
price.

—Shapes in such exhaustive variety that practically every  
individual taste is provided for.  
—Semi-Dress Hats of Liscere braid and satin combined.  
—White and colored Faille Silk Hats with Hemp facings.  
—Vari-colored Ribbon Hats.  
—All Silk or Satin Hats with stitched brims and ribbon  
trimmed.  
—Sports Hats of Khaki Kool and every other possible  
smart material in the most brilliant and fascinating color  
combinations.  
—Specially good in trimming is Spider-web Embroidery,  
colored braid flowers and stitched quilts.  
—Hats for everyone and for every occasion—and all  
"different" from the usual.

Second Floor.  
Specials of Unusual Interest  
in Display of Beautiful New  
Crepe-de-Chine and Longcloth  
LINGERIE

—The "absolutely new" in popular priced but extremely dainty  
underwear displayed for the consideration of those who realize the  
importance of early selection.

—Crepe de Chine Camisoles.....\$1.75  
—Crepe de Chine Bloomers.....\$2.95  
—Longcloth Petticoats.....\$3.25  
—Longcloth Combinations.....\$3.50  
Third Floor.

(Continued on Second Page.)

**Pictorial City Sheet (II.)**



**THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1917.—EDITORIAL SECTION.**

**Murder of Ferocity Comparable Only to Those of Poe's Fancy.**



Imprints of fingers were left in the  
aged woman's flesh just below either  
ear.  
Mrs. Russell had lived for years  
in her ranch house, alone. A trained  
nurse by profession, she retired from  
active work in Boston seven years  
ago and came to Azusa. She pur-  
chased a small tract of land on Ir-  
windale avenue, half a mile from  
the Foothill boulevard, and about  
two miles due west from Azusa.  
Here she erected two houses, one  
near the road, in which she lived, and  
the other, about 200 yards back, for  
her daughter, Mrs. Reynolds, and  
small granddaughter, Ruby Rey-  
nolds. Mrs. Reynolds explained last  
night that her mother had always  
wanted to live alone since the death  
of the father and husband almost  
thirty years ago.

Mrs. Reynolds, the daughter, saw  
her mother alive for the last time  
at 6 o'clock Tuesday evening. At  
10:40 o'clock yesterday morning Mrs.  
Russell was seen in her front yard.  
W. T. Rury, a feed dealer, drove up  
and delivered a load of feed. He  
spoke to Mrs. Russell.

**BODY FOUND.**  
About an hour later Mrs. Rey-  
nolds went to the back door of her  
mother's house. As she approached  
she called out, but received no an-  
swer. Peering through the window  
she failed to see the familiar rock-  
ing chair in which her mother invari-  
ably sat playing solitaire by the  
kitchen table. Somewhat startled,  
she pushed open the door and al-  
most fell over the prostrate form of  
Mrs. Russell. The aged woman's  
feet were touching the back door  
and her head was doubled under  
her. The rocking chair in which  
she sat was overturned.

The daughter, horrified, screamed  
for help. The neighbor across the  
road, J. E. Barnhurst, notified Con-  
stable W. L. Hamblin and City Mar-  
shal C. K. Gaudin of Azusa. Deputy  
Sheriffs Fox and Noland were  
sent from Los Angeles and assumed  
charge of the investigation.  
When Mrs. Reynolds, the daugh-  
ter, became somewhat calmed, she  
told of a tramp that at different  
times during the past four years  
had been directed against him. Mr.  
McCowan now has an imposing col-  
lection of libel suits filed by him  
and waiting to be tried. They ag-  
gregate about \$600,000. The suit  
against the grand jury, he says, will  
be tried. The effort of the jury, to  
keep him away from the courtroom,  
he says, is contrary to the law and  
his rights as District Attorney.



Figures in and scene of yesterday's tragedy near Azusa.  
Standing, Constable W. L. Hamblin.  
Sitting, City Marshal C. K. Gaudin, Azusa.  
Mrs. Mattie R. Reynolds and  
daughter, Ruby.

Mrs. Reynolds is the daughter of Mrs. Russell, the murdered woman. The probable manner of the killing is shown by the diagram and the  
geography of the vicinity is indicated above. In the photograph on the lower left the officers are examining the spot where the body was  
found.

**And the Money.**  
**GUY EDDIE LOSES**  
**NOTORIOUS CASE.**

**VERDICT FOR DR. SMITH IN  
HIS SUIT FOR A FEE.**

Attorney Says He will Ask the  
Bar Association for a Rigid In-  
quiry Because of Ugly Charge.  
Defendant Rebuked for Congrat-  
ulating Jury.

After being out for nearly eight  
hours and repeatedly requesting in-  
structions at the hands of the court,  
the jury in Judge Monroe's court,  
trying the suit of Attorney Guy  
Eddie against Dr. Virginia E. Smith  
for \$225 for professional services,  
last night returned a verdict in  
favor of the defendant. The profes-  
sional services were rendered in  
connection with the arrest and re-  
lease of Cary Kidder, Dr. Smith's  
nephew, on a charge of beating and  
robbing Rosa Arnold in her apart-  
ments several weeks ago.  
The question was a plain one of  
whether or not there was a contract  
to pay Attorney Eddie \$650. He  
declared that there was and called  
Miss Arnold as a witness to prove  
that the charges against young  
Kidder were reduced because her  
dental and doctor bills were paid by  
the defendant through his counsel.  
Dr. Smith declared that there was  
no contract and in a cross-com-  
plaint asked that \$225 paid the at-  
torney be returned to her.  
Several of the jurors declared,  
after the verdict had been read,  
that there was "a difference of  
opinion" but that they had finally  
decided to return a verdict for the  
defendant. Dr. Smith started to  
congratulate the jurors on their  
finding but was sharply rebuked by  
the court.

**BARCLAY M'COWAN SUES  
AN ENTIRE GRAND JURY.**  
THERE are few dull days in the  
life of the Kern county District  
Attorney, Barclay McCowan.  
There is usually enough excitement  
provided for him to keep from being  
bored. The latest episode in his po-  
litical warfare is a report by the  
Kern county grand jury charging  
him with eavesdropping and other  
offenses. Mr. McCowan has now  
filed suit against the whole nineteen  
of them, alleging libel and demand-  
ing \$100,000 as damages.  
The grand jury report states that  
vice is rampant in Bakersfield and  
that the District Attorney asked for  
indictments without cause. The  
jury report states that the District  
Attorney concluded with the fol-  
lowing resolution: "That this  
grand jury proceed to the examina-  
tion of matters coming before it  
without the assistance or interfer-  
ence of said Dist. Atty. Barclay Mc-  
Cowan, except as may be required by  
the report states that sixteen of  
the nineteen members of the jury  
voted for Mr. McCowan. This ac-  
tion they seem now to regard sor-  
rowfully, as one to be bitterly re-  
pentant. The report advocates the  
recall of Mr. McCowan and the elec-  
tion in his place of an "honest,  
straightforward man."  
Mr. McCowan, who was in Los  
Angeles yesterday, did not appear to  
view the recall proceedings with  
much concern. He says this is the  
eighth attempt to have him recalled  
and that he is still District Attorney.  
He describes the attack upon him by  
the grand jury as an act of "cheap  
politics."  
Mr. McCowan says his political  
enemies have been fairly busy try-

**Intimated.**  
**MORE CHANGES  
FOR SEVENTH?**

**Maj. Copp's Resignation is  
Asked; not Pressed.**

**Explanation Turns Inquiry to  
Chamber of Commerce.**

**Advocate Indicates that its  
Stand's Misunderstood.**

Intimations of further changes in  
the Seventh Regiment followed the  
announcement in yesterday morn-  
ing's Times that Col. Schreiber had  
been retired and that plans to reor-  
ganize the Seventh Regiment and  
make Los Angeles the military cen-  
ter of the Coast are well under way.  
The resignation of Maj. A. J. Copp,  
Jr., Judge Advocate-General of the  
guard, has been asked by Adj. Gen.  
Borree, but the major's explanation  
of the situation has apparently

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**California and the Coast—8 Pages.**

**POPULATION**

By the Federal Census (1910)—223,190  
By the City Directory (1915)—228,563

**LOVE BLOOMS  
IN SEVENTIES.**

**Man Nearly Eighty Licensed  
to Wed "Girl" Six Years  
Younger.**

**Explanation Turns Inquiry to  
Chamber of Commerce.**

**Advocate Indicates that its  
Stand's Misunderstood.**

Intimations of further changes in  
the Seventh Regiment followed the  
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Figures in and scene of yesterday's tragedy near Azusa.

Mrs. Reynolds is the daughter of Mrs. Russell, the murdered woman. The probable manner of the killing is shown by the diagram and the  
geography of the vicinity is indicated above. In the photograph on the lower left the officers are examining the spot where the body was  
found.

**And the Money.**  
**GUY EDDIE LOSES**  
**NOTORIOUS CASE.**

**VERDICT FOR DR. SMITH IN  
HIS SUIT FOR A FEE.**

Attorney Says He will Ask the  
Bar Association for a Rigid In-  
quiry Because of Ugly Charge.  
Defendant Rebuked for Congrat-  
ulating Jury.

After being out for nearly eight  
hours and repeatedly requesting in-  
structions at the hands of the court,  
the jury in Judge Monroe's court,  
trying the suit of Attorney Guy  
Eddie against Dr. Virginia E. Smith  
for \$225 for professional services,  
last night returned a verdict in  
favor of the defendant. The profes-  
sional services were rendered in  
connection with the arrest and re-  
lease of Cary Kidder, Dr. Smith's  
nephew, on a charge of beating and  
robbing Rosa Arnold in her apart-  
ments several weeks ago.  
The question was a plain one of  
whether or not there was a contract  
to pay Attorney Eddie \$650. He  
declared that there was and called  
Miss Arnold as a witness to prove  
that the charges against young  
Kidder were reduced because her  
dental and doctor bills were paid by  
the defendant through his counsel.  
Dr. Smith declared that there was  
no contract and in a cross-com-  
plaint asked that \$225 paid the at-  
torney be returned to her.  
Several of the jurors declared,  
after the verdict had been read,  
that there was "a difference of  
opinion" but that they had finally  
decided to return a verdict for the  
defendant. Dr. Smith started to  
congratulate the jurors on their  
finding but was sharply rebuked by  
the court.

**BARCLAY M'COWAN SUES  
AN ENTIRE GRAND JURY.**  
THERE are few dull days in the  
life of the Kern county District  
Attorney, Barclay McCowan.  
There is usually enough excitement  
provided for him to keep from being  
bored. The latest episode in his po-  
litical warfare is a report by the  
Kern county grand jury charging  
him with eavesdropping and other  
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**Trouble Ahead.**  
**BACK TO JOIN  
VILLA FORCES.**

**Bandit's Adherents Here are  
Leaving for Border.**

**Declare Pancho will Strike  
When Pershing Quits.**

**"Inside Story" of Columbus  
Raid's Told Here.**

Villa is calling back his soldiers.  
Mexicans working in Los Angeles,  
but secretly adherents of the ban-  
dit, are quietly slipping away. They  
declare that Villa is about to begin  
a whirlwind campaign as soon as  
the Pershing evacuation has been  
completed.  
One of the Mexicans who have  
slid over for the border is Luis Car-  
ranna, who claims to be a lieuten-  
ant on Villa's staff. Two days ago  
he left for the border to join the  
bandit chief. Before leaving he told  
what purports to be the whole in-  
side story of the Pershing expedi-  
tion and the Villa attack upon Co-  
lumbus.

Among other things, Luis stated  
that Villa was not really wounded  
in battle, but was suffering from  
an open sore of long standing. He  
also told of the sick way the ban-  
dit evaded the American soldiers  
when Pershing first crossed the  
line.  
**TWICE WOUNDED.**  
Carranna said he was with Villa  
during the greater part of the time  
Pershing was chasing the bandit.  
He left Mexico on account of two  
wounds received in a fight with Car-  
rannistas. In proof of his story Luis  
showed two bullet wounds. He still  
had a bullet in his back. It could  
be felt very plainly through his  
flesh.  
He said that he was with Villa at  
the time of the Columbus raid, but  
was not himself at Columbus. He  
said that Villa at that time had  
nearly 8000 men in Mexico, a vastly  
larger force than the Americans  
suspected.

An arrangement had been made  
for Villa to see an American at the  
border, and Pancho divided his com-  
mand, taking between 300 and 500  
men as his escort to the border. Luis  
does not know what the object of  
the conference was. From other  
sources it is known that Villa had  
consented to an interview with the  
representative of a big news associ-  
ation and was on his way to meet  
the newspaper man at the border.  
Luis said that near the border,  
word came to Villa of an attack  
made upon some of his men by  
(Continued on Eighth Page.)

**ADAM**

The Adam design here  
illustrated is one of six  
special cabinet styles  
now available. Finished  
in mahogany or oak.

**The  
NEW EDISON**  
"The Phonograph with a Soul"  
—NEW YORK GLOBE.  
**Re-Created Music—**  
That sounds like an extravagant statement,  
doesn't it? Yet the New Edison does re-create the  
voices of Chalmers, Rappold, Verlet, Ellison, Case,  
Miller, etc., so perfectly that the re-creation can-  
not be told from the original. This has been  
proven in public. It is a fact.

**Come to Our Store**  
—and hear the re-created voices of great artists,  
then listen to the New Edison's re-creation of the  
'Avery pure' song 'Young Man' by 'Young Man'  
to the wonderful orchestra re-creation.  
There is a musical surprise awaiting you. Come  
in today and be convinced.  
**Edison Diamond Discs—\$100 to \$450**  
**Diamond Amberolas—**  
**\$30, \$50 and \$75**  
Mail Orders Filled—Write for Particulars  
**FRANK J. HART**  
**SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA**  
**MUSIC COMPANY**  
112-114 SOUTH BROADWAY, LOS ANGELES  
Pasadena Riverside San Diego



## MARBLE VISION. OF BUNKER HILL

Staggering Scheme's Sprung  
by City Planners.

Would Raze Everything from  
Normal Hill North.

And Erect a Double Row of  
Civic Palaces There.

This is all the Civic Planning Association wants: To condemn all of the property on Bunker Hill between the Temple Block and Normal Hill; to build on this a great library, music hall, civic auditorium, city hall, fine arts building, museum of science and history, a great municipal or Southern California State University, marble baths, a campanile and magnificent gardens. Cost is not even estimated. A mere bagatelle of \$25,000,000 or so might cover it or might not.

Past civic-center plans fade into the mists of time. The development beside the staggering proposition that was sprung yesterday by the Civic Planning Association, meeting at the Wiltshire, uniting the Temple Block and Plaza civic-center schemes with the Normal Hill-center project by the condemnation and use of all of the intervening Bunker Hill for civic functions is the dream, in a nutshell, advanced with a sublime faith in its ultimate realization.

From its brow, looking out across miles of adjacent territory in all directions, massive structures, dedicated to municipal needs, would stand sentinels to the present world and monuments of achievement in the ages to come. Even the great national civic center at Washington which has been a half-century in the development, would not overshadow that of this municipality—if it happened.

Dr. T. Percival Gerson and Landscape Architect R. S. Rankin are the projectors and prime movers of the dream city. They have gone thoroughly over the entire ground, gathered much data, and yesterday presented their plan in all its glory to the rapid and enthusiastic Civic Planning Association.

HERE'S THE SCHEME. Applauded to the echo, they admitted that some persons might even suggest that the scheme was a bit too ambitious. But Rankin, who is a future city of millions and in the same breath we enthuse over a civic-center project that would actually be the disposal of an up-to-date city of 50,000 population, said Mr. Rankin, "We are still groping around in a plan formulated ten years back."

The planners would raise even the every building now on Bunker Hill. They would take in the territory from Sixth street north to Sunset boulevard and from Hill street west to Flower or Figueroa streets. The sides of the hills they would terrace with rare flowers and wonderful shrubs. Winding paths would lead to the elysium of classic beauty in marble, stone and steel on the brow of the mountain.

Escalators, elevators, broad stairways and fine boulevards would lead every access to the summit. Fifth street would not be carried over the brow of the hill or tunneled underneath, but at Grand avenue, would wind around the base of the Normal Hill to Flower and would be boulevard.

Instead of placing the proposed new library directly on the present Normal center site, they would advance it northward and would make it a structure of such majestic proportions that it would dominate a 40-foot wall. On the sides of this wall, on the sides of the hill, they would have their buildings in stately lines and at the farther end of the mall they would stand the City Hall, just as imposing and grand as the library.

CIVIC UNIVERSITY, TOO. Beyond this building, and matching the idea of utility at the north end, they would place the structure of a great municipal university, overlooking the northern brow of Bunker Hill. East of this they would continue other utility buildings, taking into the general scheme the present Federal structure, the Courthouse and Hall of Records, the proposed new jail, the Plaza and the mission church, which Los Angeles was born. That's all.

"While other communities are during these great plans and, like Cleveland, Denver, St. Louis, Washington and even San Francisco, are going ahead with them, we in Los Angeles are dormant and only get busy after condemnation of old buildings has been made in order to save possible lives," said Engineer Rankin.

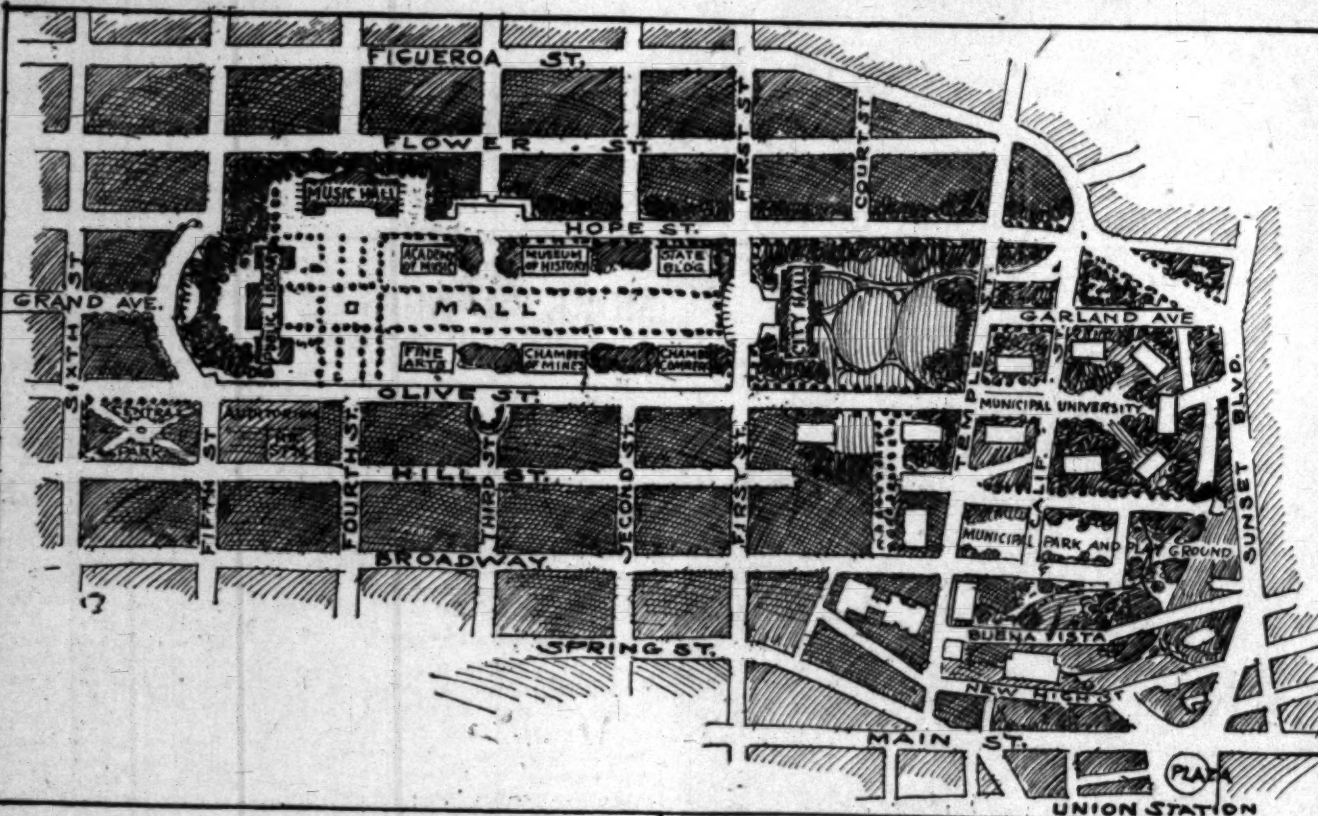
The thirty enthusiasts at the club meeting did not go very much into the financial side of their plan, leaving this to a committee which is to develop the plan. President C. J. Golden of the association named the committee, and in order to further the efforts of the organization, an endorsement act, which would make possible the securing of a great property of this character, will be asked by the State Legislature.

ELDERLY MAN TAKEN.

Frank Walsh, an elderly and wealthy manufacturer of Victoria, B. C., dropped dead yesterday evening as he was about to start for his northern home. Mr. Walsh, accompanied by Attorney John F. Manning, was just stepping from the Terry Apartments, No. 1117 Magnolia street, when the fatal seizure occurred. A physician was summoned but before aid could be given the aged man was dead. He leaves a widow and family in Victoria. The body is at the W. H. Sutcliffe undertaking parlors, but it is understood arrangements are to be made today to send it north for burial.

Help Us Serve You.

By telephone, your order will be filled in our store.



This is Bunker Hill as the City Planning Association visualizes it.

## MURDER.

(Continued from First Page.)

the railway tracks by Mr. Rury, the feed man, and had been noticed in that neighborhood lately by other residents.

This tramp had also threatened Mrs. Reynolds and her small daughter Ruby. The boy would disappear from time to time, but reappeared again two weeks ago. She last saw him, she said, two days ago. She gave the authorities an excellent description. Apparently this tramp was using threats to compel the lonely woman to sustain him.

KNIFE MISSING. And yet, why he should have killed Mrs. Russell is a mystery. The house was apparently untouched when the officers arrived. No article of value was missing, except one butcher knife and a revolver the aged woman usually kept under her pillow. Mrs. Reynolds declared that her mother had three large butcher knives in her possession. Search failed to produce more than two of these knives.

A blood-stained pocketknife was found, closed, in a sewing basket in the living room. It was thought unlikely, however, in view of the dire results of the blow, that this weapon could have created the immense cut. The missing butcher knife might have been used, the officers believe. But as the murdered woman usually kept all three knives together in a drawer in the pantry it could not have been found by the murderer and used without frightening Mrs. Russell, unless, of course, it had been mislaid in a spot near the intruder's hand as he entered the back door.

The front door of the house was found locked on the inside. Mrs. Russell's bank book, showing a balance of a little more than \$500, was found. She owned the ranch on which the two dwellings are located. She and her daughter co-operated in working the small chicken ranch. As far as could be ascertained last night she had not an enemy in the world.

The daughter, Mrs. Reynolds, lives with her little daughter Ruby. Her husband lives outside of the county. The shock of the tragedy overcame her. In a daze she followed the body of her mother to the Remaker Company undertaking parlors in Arroyo and refused to leave.

Efforts will be made today to obtain copies of the finger prints left in the aged woman's throat by the murderer.

THEIR SECRET OUT.

R. G. Dun and Company were yesterday asked for a new rating on Mrs. Russell. The company, following the resignation of the latter, both have been employed with the company for a number of years. After a conference of the entire office force the new rating was announced to be that in future it would be Mr. and Mrs. Ellis B. Porter. The young people were married at Riverside, California, but the secret until the resignation of Mrs. Porter brought forth the facts. Both are popular with their fellow employees and were given a rousing reception on the announcement of the marriage.

## BANK CLEARINGS BREAK RECORDS.

This City Exceeds December  
Last Year by Five Million Dollars.

Los Angeles bank clearings for January broke all previous records in the financial history of the city. A total of \$134,254,867 changed hands last month, exceeding by \$5,000,000 the clearings for December, 1916, and establishing a new monthly record. The wonderful business prosperity of 1916 promises to be far outdone by the commercial activity of Los Angeles during the current year, and the establishment of a new high-water mark for clearings in the first month of 1917 is certainly an auspicious sign.

Compared with the clearings for January, 1916, the figures for the past thirty-one days show a gain of approximately \$26,000,000. Since the first of the year almost every day has seen a sharp increase in the amount of money transferred through the medium of the Clearinghouse Association, as compared to the same period in 1916, and local bankers are jubilant over the present condition of business in this city.

## EYE PRICE OF FUNNY STORY.

While Worker Relates Jest  
Friend Laughs and Pick  
Ruins Optic.

Frank Alvarado, No. 3609 Brooklyn avenue, was telling a merry story yesterday about some one flirting with his eyes, and when he was ogling in imitation, a pick in the hands of a friend, accidentally struck his eye, ruining it. He was taken to the Receiving Hospital for treatment, and later transferred to the Good Samaritan Hospital to have the injured eye entirely removed.

The accident occurred at Sunset boulevard and Vermont avenue. Joe Cantos was working with Alvarado in the construction of a sidewalk. While Alvarado was telling the story, Cantos listened with a chuckle in the living room. It was thought unlikely, however, in view of the dire results of the blow, that this weapon could have created the immense cut. The missing butcher knife might have been used, the officers believe. But as the murdered woman usually kept all three knives together in a drawer in the pantry it could not have been found by the murderer and used without frightening Mrs. Russell, unless, of course, it had been mislaid in a spot near the intruder's hand as he entered the back door.

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## Pain in Back of Neck Often Denotes Kidney Weakness.



Symptoms of kidney trouble are various, but pain in back of neck and dull, aching feelings in small of back are to be looked for.

One should realize that these distresses are often due to an excess of uric acid poison within the body and inability of the kidneys to get rid of it.

The very best way to stimulate the kidneys into increased action is by taking a little Anuric with the meals. In this way it is dissolved with the food and finally reaches the kidneys, where it has a tonic effect.

Anuric was discovered by Dr. Pierce, of the Surgical Institute in Buffalo, N. Y., where it has been thoroughly tested. Many can at once associate Dr. Pierce with his great tonic, "Golden Medical Discovery," and his "Favorite Prescription," and know him as an invigorator for womanly life.

Kidney, Bladder and Uric Acid troubles bring misery to many. When the kidneys are weak or diseased, these natural filters do not cleanse the blood sufficiently, and the poisons are carried to all parts of the body. There follow depression, aches and pains, heaviness, drowsiness, irritability, headaches, chilliness, and rheumatism. In some people there are sharp pains in the back and loins, distressing bladder disorders and sometimes obstinate dropsy. The uric acid sometimes forms into gravel or kidney stones. When the uric acid affects the muscles and joints, it causes lumbago, rheumatism, gout or sciatica.

Some one daily offers his or her word of praise to those who may have rheumatism that I am 45 years old and have had rheumatism nearly all my life. In executing my duties as a peace officer in the winter of 1910, I was exposed to some very bad weather, which brought on a very severe attack. In fact, it was so bad that I could not ride horseback, and I was compelled to abandon my duties for awhile. I then began a search for a permanent cure which I did not find until I learned of Anuric. I began taking the tablets about ten months ago and am satisfied that I am cured. I cannot be loud enough in my praise of Anuric.

Step in the drug store and get Anuric, or send Dr. Pierce 10c for trial package.

## LOSSES CASE.

Judge Monroe, who declared that there would be no congratulations in any case in his court.

Any case in his court. Judge Monroe stated that he would ask the Bar Association to make an exhaustive investigation of this case because of the publicity it had received and because of allegations of a conspiracy contained in Dr. Smith's cross-complaint. These charges were ruled out by the court.

AGREE WITH THEM.

Officials Find for Mining Company in Land Title Action.

After spending \$30,000 developing a series of gold mining claims, near Gorman, and finding pay dirt in the Black Cat, Wolf Gold, Cold Cup, Sagamore and Lourison claims, the Western Pacific Mining Company was of the opinion that the 230 acres of land covering the claims was more valuable from a mineral than agricultural standpoint, and in that judgment they were confirmed by Register Roche and Receiver Mitchell of the local Land Office.

Harrison L. Bortell had filed a homestead claim on the half section, under the enlarged homestead law, but the evidence showed that the land was richly mineral and therefore not subject to entry under the homestead law. It was shown that the mining company had prosecuted more than 2000 feet of tunneling and had several stamp mills in active operation.

ON BOND APPLICATION.

Los Angeles Railway Subsidiary Would Reimburse.

An application of the City Railway Company of Los Angeles for authority to issue \$100,000 of a par value of \$200,000, and to deliver the same to the Los Angeles Railway Corporation in payment of money advanced and invested in the plant of the City Railway Company, will be heard here this afternoon by the State Railroad Commission. This company, which is a subsidiary of the Los Angeles Railway, states that it had an investment of \$3,585,000 in its system before making the additional investment of \$303,433, and that, in accordance with the provisions of its trust deed, it wishes now to sell these additional bonds, the money for which was obtained from the parent corporation.

TO GRAND JURY.

Case Against Alleged Drug Peddler will be Investigated.

The charge made against Dr. Albert H. Currie of violating the Harbison anti-narcotic law, will be taken direct to the Federal grand jury tomorrow by Assistant United States District Attorney Moody. The preliminary examination of Dr. Currie was set for yesterday before United States Commissioner Hammack, but did not take place.

It is alleged by Federal officials who made the raid on the Currie place that they found about 40,000 morphine and cocaine tablets stored there, and that Dr. Currie did a large business disposing of the stuff through agents, two of whom are now in the care of the State officers.

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# SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARANCE

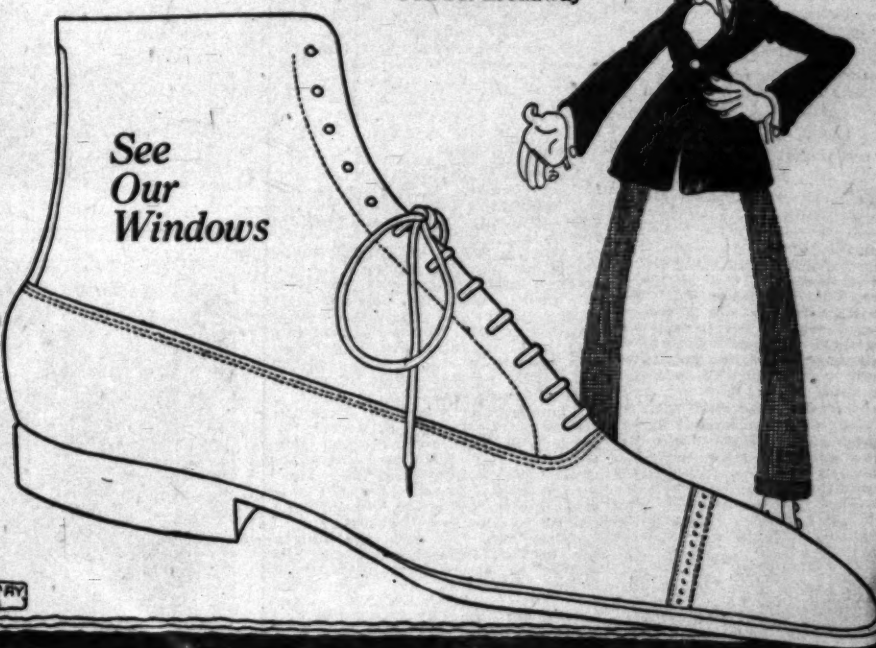
Starting today we offer you a lot of startling values in Packard, Forbush and Stacy Adams shoes. At prices that speak for themselves. Our reputation for style and value is well recognized. Every pair offered is up to the Hamilton standard.

**\$3.85 to \$7.85**

Your last chance to buy standard styles of Stacy Adams at present prices. While not reduced they are two dollars a pair under spring prices. Every pair has price stamped on sole.

## HAMILTON'S

411 So. Spring  
223 W. Seventh  
502 So. Broadway



SPECIAL PRICES AT REMOVAL SALE ON  
Electric Light Fixtures.  
Forve, Pettibone Co. 514 S. Broadway

Classified Real Estate  
advertisements in the Sunday Times must  
be placed before 8 p.m. Saturday. Classified  
ads. will be accepted until 11 p.m.



Coffee does disagree with many. And in these days of accurate scientific knowledge there's no virtue in appearing astonished when this truth is faced.

Caffeine (the drug in coffee, and in tea also) leaves the system in an overworked and debilitated state, and is responsible for various serious ills and discomforts.

Thousands who desire an appetizing hot table beverage, with none of coffee's drawbacks, find a most delightful cup—one containing no deleterious substance whatever—in

# POSTUM

—the pure cereal food-drink.

Nourishing, economical and wonderfully delicious.

"There's a Reason"

## CHARITY BOARD ASKS CHANGES.

Reorganize Children's Home  
Society Staff.

Will Separate Finances from  
Visitors' Work.

Superintendent's Plans Meet  
Some Criticism.

The State Board of Charities and Corrections, after making a survey of the plant and work of the Children's Home Society of California, which has its headquarters at Griffiths avenue and East Twenty-fifth street, has made recommendations that suggest that efforts be put into immediate effect. Principal of these, as was said yesterday, is the demand that the financial end of the work be entirely separated from the direct visitors' work.

With the coming of L. J. Covington from Seattle to take the position of superintendent of the society, the board of directors are endeavoring to come to a decision on the reorganization of the society's work. This has been in progress. This has been the subject of more or less comment and some dissatisfaction on the part of those who have been deposed and their friends, but Mr. Covington stated yesterday that after investigation he had determined that efficient service could be secured by making several changes.

Mr. Covington succeeded Hugh C. Johnson as the State superintendent of the society about the middle of the year. He came without any newspaper publicity, nor was the subject made by the State Board of Charities and Corrections announced to the public. The result, however, was that Mr. Covington and the board of directors are endeavoring to come to a decision on the reorganization of the society's work. This has been in progress. This has been the subject of more or less comment and some dissatisfaction on the part of those who have been deposed and their friends, but Mr. Covington stated yesterday that after investigation he had determined that efficient service could be secured by making several changes.

Some comment has been caused by the appointment of the first field agent, who is now out in his territory. This appointee is D. A. Johnson, formerly an attaché of the society at the City Hall, in investigation work; later, it is said, a special agent for the Chinese cause, and still later the recipient of more or less publicity through his connection with the case of the boy Eddie Johnson. Mr. Johnson stated yesterday that he was "making good" in his work, but that he is simply being given a "try out."

Miss Bertha Hummer, who was from Los Angeles, was away for several months, but who had previously served as a member of the institution for several years. Some changes have also been made in the office force. In the interests of harmony, Mr. Covington stated.

The society was established in 1891. During its operations it has cared for more than 30,000 children in homes, and it now has about 300 children. In the receiving home at the present time there are two hundred children, and the average number is twenty-four. They are placed in permanent homes, or are available after they come under the care of the society. A gratifying feature of the work is that a large percentage of the cases where children are placed in homes, legal adoption soon follows, and the class of cases offered for adoption is of a high character.

Mr. Covington for fourteen years has been connected with the Children's Home Society, similar to the society here, and for eleven years that time was its State superintendent.

BEATS THEM TO IT.

Life and Officer Interrupt the Departure for East of Husband and Girl He is Alleged to be Infatuated with, but They are Released.

While J. C. Aldice and Miss Mary Bowler, an attractive young woman, were preparing to depart for the East yesterday afternoon, they were interrupted by an officer from District Attorney's office and Mr. Aldice, who said the couple planned to elope. They were taken to Glendale and taken to the District Attorney's office, but after a short investigation both were released.

The wife declared that her husband had been infatuated with Miss Bowler for more than a year. She intended to go to New Orleans. Miss Bowler, however, stated that she was going to her old home in Kentucky.

Mrs. Aldice said she and her husband were married in Redwood City nearly three years ago, but that he married her before they were married. Recently she filed a suit for divorce from him, but Tuesday the action was withdrawn.

REVIEW LABORS.

Members of Antelope Valley Chamber of Commerce met yesterday afternoon at the Antelope Valley Chamber of Commerce for an informal dinner "Christopher's" Tuesday night and listened to talks relative to the valley's progress in the past year. The principal speakers were President George S. Morgan, Harry Lee Martin, W. C. Fletcher, Russ Avery and George Fuller. They told what the chamber had done in the past year and outlined its ambitions for the future.

The chamber was organized primarily to push the building of the Canyon road from Los Angeles to Antelope Valley, and this was its great accomplishment. It is now doing the repairing and building of roads in the valley. The officers of the Antelope Valley Chamber of Commerce are: President, George S. Morgan; vice-president, O. Odlin; treasurer, and E. C. Bates, secretary.



For Efficiency.  
**CHARITY BOARD  
ASKS CHANGES.**

**Reorganize Children's Home  
Society Staff.**

**Will Separate Finances from  
Visitors' Work.**

**Superintendent's Plans Meet  
Some Criticism.**

The State Board of Charities and Corrections, after making a survey of the plant and work of the Children's Home Society of California, which has its headquarters at Griffiths avenue and East Twenty-fifth street, has made recommendations of changes that are to be put into immediate effect. Principal of these, it was said yesterday, is the demand that the financial end of the work shall be entirely separated from the visitor's work.

With the coming of L. J. Covington from Seattle to take the position of State superintendent of the society's work, a reorganization of the staff has been in progress. This has been the subject of more or less comment and some dissatisfaction on the part of those who have been deposed and their friends, but Mr. Covington stated yesterday that after investigation he had determined that efficient service could be secured by making several changes.

Mr. Covington succeeded Hugh C. Brown as the State superintendent of the society about the middle of December. He came without any newspaper publicity, nor was the change made by the State Board of Charities and Corrections announced to the public. The result, however, is that Mr. Covington and the board of directors are endeavoring to comply with the recommendations of the board as speedily as possible.

In the reorganization, it is proposed to place several field workers in the territory of California and Arizona, who will interest people in the financial support of the organization, and explain the general scope of its work. Then there will be a corps of women visitors to the homes where children have been placed, this being entirely separated from the financial work. It is required that each home where a child is placed shall be visited at least twice a year, and reports on conditions prevailing there must be made. It is believed that women will be more sympathetic and exercise greater influence in this work than men, who have been employed heretofore.

Some comment has been caused by the appointment of the first field agent, who is now out in his territory. This appointment is D. A. Johnson, formerly an attaché of one of the offices at the City Hall, in investigation work; later, it is said, a special officer for a Chinese case, and still later the recipient of more or less publicity through his connection as detective with the Guy Eddie case. Mr. Covington stated yesterday that Mr. Johnson is "making good" in his new work, but that he is simply being given a "try out."

Miss Bertha Hummer, who was patron, has been superseded by Miss Elizabeth Tweedy, who was away for four months, but who had previously served as patron of the institution for several years. Some changes have also been made in the office force, in the interests of harmony, Mr. Covington stated.

The society was established in 1890. During its operations it has placed more than 3000 children in homes, and it now has about 300 wards. In the receiving home at the present time there are twenty-five children, and the average number is twenty-four. They are placed in permanent homes as quickly as possible after they come under the care of the society. A gratifying feature of the work is that in a large percentage of the cases where children are placed in homes, legal adoption soon follows, and the class of homes offered to the children are of high character.

Mr. Covington for fourteen years was connected with the Washington Children's Home Society, similar to the society here, and for eleven years of that time was its State superintendent.

**BEATS THEM TO IT.**

**Wife and Officer Interrupt the Departure for East of Husband and Girl He Is Alleged to be Infatuated with, but They are Released.**

While J. C. Aldige and Miss Margaret Bowles, an attractive young woman, were preparing to depart for the East yesterday afternoon, they were interrupted by an officer from the District Attorney's office and Mrs. Aldige, who said the couple had planned to elope. They were caught at Glendale and taken to the District Attorney's office, but after a short investigation both were released.

The wife declared that her husband has been infatuated with Miss Bowles for more than a year. She said they intended to go to New Orleans. Miss Bowles, however, stated she was going to her old home in Kentucky.

Mrs. Aldige said she and her husband were married in Redwood City nearly three years ago, but that he deserted her before their baby was born. Recently she filed a suit for divorce from him, but Tuesday the action was withdrawn.

**VIEW LABORS.**

**Members of Antelope Valley Chamber of Commerce Meet.**

More than 125 members of the Antelope Valley Chamber of Commerce attended an informal dinner of Christopher's Tuesday night and listened to talks relative to the valley's progress in the past year. The principal speakers were President George S. Margold, Harry Lee Martin, W. C. Fitchner, Russ Avery and George Fuller. They told what the chamber had done in the past year and outlined its ambitions for the future.

The chamber was organized primarily to push the building of the Saint Canyon road from Los Angeles to the Antelope Valley, and this was its great accomplishment last year, besides the repairing and building of roads in the valley.

The officers of the Antelope Valley Chamber of Commerce include: George S. Margold, president; Harry Lee Martin, vice-president; O. P. Odine, treasurer, and E. C. Odine, secretary.

**WHISKY-RUNNER  
IN A JITNEY.**

**Indian Officials Capture Many Pints Aboard One Lone Flivver.**

A libel action was filed in the United States District Court yesterday by Assistant United States District Attorney O'Connor, involving 384 half-pints and forty-eight pints of a popular brand of whisky, and a "diver" automobile, all captured night before last near the boundary line of the Yuma Indian reservation by Superintendent Odle and Officer Elmer E. Kinnett.

The officers gave chase to the machine, when the driver abandoned the vehicle and his load, and ran across the line into Mexico. His identity is unknown, and the action is brought against John Doe.

It is claimed that the bottles containing the liquor had been tampered with, the bottoms having been removed, a cheaper grade of whisky substituted, and the bottom replaced. They thus retained the original stamp of the government.

**REVERSE JUDGMENT.**

**Stock Goes with the Land, Says Court in Riverside County Case.**

The Supreme Court has reversed the judgment of the Superior Court of Riverside county, which found in favor of the defendant in an action brought by the Riverside Land Company against the Riverside Water Company and Joseph Jarvis, involving possession of 154 shares of the capital stock of the defendant corporation.

The shares were issued to Joseph and Mary Jarvis, and attached to seventy-seven acres of land owned by the Jarvies. Later on the land was sold in foreclosure proceedings, being disposed of to the Riverside Land Company, who held title, but Mr. Jarvis, who succeeded to the shares through the death of his wife, held the stock. He refused to transfer this to the Riverside Land Company. The Supreme Court holds that the shares of capital stock go with the land, and that in bidding in the land the value of the stock was included in the terms of the sale.

**Y.M.C.A. ELECTIONS.**

At the annual meeting of the Committee of Management of the Young Men's Christian Association yesterday Dr. George J. Lund was re-elected chairman and E. C. Wright was re-elected first vice-chairman. Other officers elected are: H. B. Tuttle, second vice-chairman, and Fred H. French, recording secretary. The installation of new members of the committee took place at the meeting. They are: F. M. Couch, Guy Bogart, George H. Pace and Fred H. French.

If Dr. Glass has not discovered an absolute cure for tuberculosis why don't the papers and the medical profession expose him. They did investigate with that idea in view, but after consulting several patients whom he had treated the matter was dropped. Why?

Dr. Glass, Mason Building, Fourth and Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal., made the announcement two months ago that he had discovered an absolute remedy for tuberculosis (consumption). Since he made the fact known that there was a remedy for tuberculosis he has treated a large number of third stage cases showing improvement in 90 per cent. of patients treated.

Twenty-five years ago Dr. Glass made the discovery, but not until the last year or so was he able to master the complications. The stomach seemed to be the greatest difficulty.

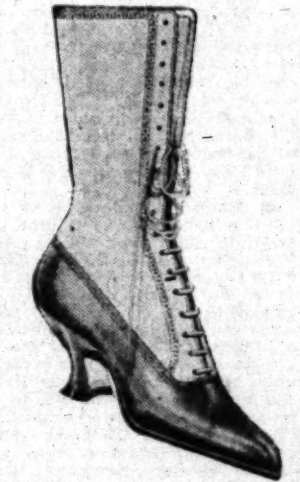
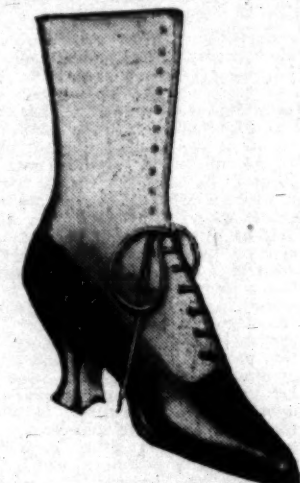
Professor Koch of Berlin, Germany, said he had in 1891 discovered the germs that caused the disease, people breathing the germ direct into the lung cells, and he also said he had found the remedy—a serum injected into the blood. Thanks to Dr. Koch for the discovery of the bug, for I at once came to the conclusion that if a person breathed the bugs direct into the air cells of the lung they must breathe something direct into the lung to kill them. "After years of close study and the treatment of hundreds of patients his conclusion has proven correct. The antiseptic breathes direct to the air cells, loosens the pus, causing the lung to get all matter, also destroying the germs. The lung clears and heals as a surgeon treats his wounds. Many people's delusion. They seem to think if the germ is destroyed the lung will heal. If I must say such a thing, and here is a good place to say it, and that is the medical profession should be ashamed to tell the people such stuff, as the majority believe it. If the lung could be cleansed of all pus and germs—say in ten minutes—would a person be any better off? You say yes. I say, no. Now, listen! If a surgeon cleanses his wound, all the matter, destroys all germs, is his patient cured? No, he treats it from day to day until healed and so with the lung. Dr. Glass wants the public to understand this is no fake advertisement, as he has the positive proof here in Los Angeles that it is able to cure tuberculosis even to the last stage. Anyone desiring further information can call or write to this office. Don't take Dr. Glass's word, but if you are sick investigate the remedy and see for yourselves.

Why, certainly!

**Bluhill**  
Pimento Cheese  
with Spaghetti.

**KNOW-DOC**  
PORE TREATMENT

A Marvellous Healer. Takes out pain and soreness wherever applied.  
"Use it three times."



Even in the face of the prevailing high prices our enormous buying strength enables us to keep OUR prices below the market. Now during our sale you will find our price reductions and styles particularly attractive.

Men's values include 'all styles in all leathers—black and tan calf skin, vici kid and Patent Leather

# February Clearance Shoe Sale

## Begins This Morning 8 A.M.

Never before have we held such a comprehensive shoe sale—with so many attractive styles and such materially reduced prices. Tomorrow we add OVER THIRTY NEW STYLES—complete sizes, all colors and combinations

Values to \$6.00 Reduced to

**\$3.45**

\$4.50 to \$6 Values Reduced to

**\$3.85**

\$5.50 to \$7 Values Reduced to

**\$4.85**

\$6.50 to \$8 Values Reduced to

**\$5.85**

\$7.50 to \$9.00 Values Reduced to

**\$6.85**

\$8.50 to \$10 Values Reduced to

**\$7.85**



In the wide range of styles offered you will find exactly the color you want and the style. All black kid with white welt sole, black kid vamp with white kid top, all gray, all brown—in fact all the popular colors and combinations.



Men who know, and who are shrewd business men, will not hesitate to take advantage of these sale prices. The values offered in the Men's Department are the best we have ever had—values including over twenty complete lines of Nettleton Shoes—America's most famous shoe for men. So act now.

Sole Agent for Nettleton Shoes in Los Angeles, San Francisco, Portland

# G.H. Baker

Largest Retailer of Shoes West of Chicago  
629 South Broadway 451 South Broadway 311 West Fifth Street 410 South Broadway 323 South Spring Street

Ladies' values include Pumps in all colors, novelty boots in the late shades and combinations, staples, walking shoes

Stores in Portland, Ore.—

380 Washington Street  
308 Washington Street  
270 Washington Street  
270 Morrison Street

Stores in San Francisco—

885 Market Street  
1409 Fillmore Street  
53 Kearny Street, —at Post.

of accurate  
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ous serious  
with none  
taining no  
ood-drink.

Reason"







# PEN POINTS

BY THE STAFF.

Have you made out your future?

With \$20 shoes, it will be long before you can afford to return.

President Wilson and President Taft are playing the game like.

It requires a mighty ally who can look well in a fanelette and own.

Just as we expected; war is not deal easier to make than peace.

For a man who knows nothing about silence is his finest adornment.

Now the force light of the sun has been thrown into the gutter. If it were only an instant.

The brewers are now out to a position, but in the years they have done a lot to help.

Lesson pickers in the Pomona are on a strike. We can't imagine any longer what the sweet.

The fight for the Second-nd and is won. You may begin the dirt when you are a million Topham!

ulations are no longer carried as a cure for rheumatism, being too costly. A trip to the doctor is cheaper.

Is feared that some of the summoned to appear before Congressional "junk" committee suffer from fatty degeneration of the memory.

There are a number of the resolutions that are also being from blow holes. And first of the twelve circles is gone.

Ernest Rodin, the famous French artist, has been married and is as was reported. With August ought to sculp his ever before.

The New York police committee are giving advice to the police from these traveling with amount of valuables. The compliment.

Earnings of the United States Company for the year were \$105,968,347; quite a baby. That infant did any soothing syrup.

Garden has joined the navy. She will claim on account of call of art, but the sailor is the thing that counts and common falls.

Local duck season is over. Underneath as well come and tell the truth about the season rolls around.

at school of the marine. It is to become the inaugural evening of March 4? All seemed just as we had arranged for and tucker to all.

ident Wilson has vetoed senate bill that passed the House and the House. Like in the soap advertisement, he is satisfied until he is not.

while auction of furs is in and among the featured is a live silver fox to bring at least \$500. When silver foxes have been bought for a price.

ident Wilson has shown to put over the nominee. Cary T. Grayson as Republican and the next move will be to make Col. E. M. H. under-chief of the army.

What is seniority of our friends?

Scott has his opinion of the troops along the line. He says it is not the funny features of the not appeal to the young men on his home and life insurance.

millions of dollars but the agreement is in the Spokane chamber research at Columbia University the year just closed in the alleged cancer in they are not cured in it, that the highest medical no cure for cancer.

There is a knife in its case and then it is only a case. There is nothing but the case.

LOVE'S TAPESTRY. would wear at will that is rare. Love's rich and color and what they say?

en Fancy's gleaming and innocent Passion's pure in hideous combined wool and warp with a side.

etimes of Earth's beauty show a path where two eyes; on mountain, wrapped in beam.

symbol where their life the Dawn.

er of old memories about the rosy shimmer of such bright yardage.

ugh have to advertise the HAYNES MARTIN

# The Pink Pages—Sporting News—The Foremost Recent Events Graphically Told.



THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 1, 1917.—TWO-PAGE BUDGET.

IN THE VAN

Pages 3 and 4: Financial—Markets

ART III—4 PAGES.

As Expected.

## GRANGE WINS FROM CLUBMEN.

ann, Cooper and Hogan do the Work.

After Thin Creature Stops All Throws.

Comedy and Semi-rough Stuff Used by Both Sides.

BY WARDE POWELL.

The L.A.C. basketball team no license to take a game from last night and it didn't.

ann, Hogan and Cooper tended his part of the deal very thoroughly.

It will have to be said for clubmen that they made a noble effort but they enjoyed too much too strenuous opposition.

The ball went through the net more or less basket shooting and succeeded in getting 25 points.

The L.A.C. squad was sent with 18.

The game started in a very generally manner and wound up a bit.

Swann was a bit of a fling-bunt for points. All kinds semi-rough stuff was pulled and comedy exhibited was of a big variety.

Swann opened up the game and comedy by shooting the first shot almost at the same time the ball was blown.

Swann was on had rush down the field and someone tossed him the ball as he was going under the goal.

He went through a few contortions, let loose the ball, and dived into the side.

The ball went through the net all right but Swann didn't get so much luck with the net.

He was in there just as tight as a gun.

and it took a couple of strong to get him out. The very next resulted in the same thing and the ball at the far end of the net.

Swann was so good that a few points were run up in the first round.

Swann put over a Cooper, negotiated a few, and the Grange did the trick.

Swann was the L.A.C. Hogan was everywhere for Grange. Hicks would be the ball at the far end of the net and throw it down to a man.

appeared to be perfectly clean. when the play would arrive and would be standing right on scene to take it in charge.

Swann was where he was, Hogan hit the ball right along with the net.

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Enough Excitement.

## POLO DOPE IS BADLY UPSET.

MALCOLM STEVENSON'S TEAM IS OUTGLAZED.

Famous Expert has an off Day or Something—Opponents Ride Rings Around Him and His Aide—Eddie Hoping to Rare Fettle—Weatherwax Thrown.

[BY DIRECT WIRE—SPECIAL DISPATCH.]

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 31.—The season's largest crowd of spectators, including most of the turfmen here for the Tia Juana race meet, witnessed today's polo game at Coronado and saw another of the "form reversals" for which the thrilling game is becoming noted this year.

The White team, thought to be far inferior to the Red four and in receipt of a four-goal handicap allowance, played "rings around" their opponents, and won an easy victory, score 12 to 5. The Whites played brilliant polo, but their victory was a merited one.

Cliff M. Weatherwax, starting for the victors, sustained a hard fall in the third period. It was thought that he was seriously hurt, but he recovered after a few moments and was willing to resume play, but was prevailed on to retire. His horse slipped coming out of a scrimmage and the Aberdeen man had a nasty spill. Beyond a few bruises he escaped unhurt.

Earle, who played the best game he has shown at Coronado and held Malcolm Stevenson more than equal throughout. Max C. Fleischmann was the individual star, and, according to the experts present, showed the best form of his career. Mal. Lehm surprised with clever and consistent work, and Weatherwax also performed brilliantly until his enforced retirement.

The entire White team played with a dash and vim that took their opponents off their feet. Stevenson's usual dash was missing, and when the doughty leader does not play up to his usual unequalled form, his team-mates likewise falter. Vello repeatedly missed the ball, and while Le Boulanger failed to obtain a goal.

Light practice today will engage the players in preparation for Sunday's big game. The summary:

(Continued on Second Page.)

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[BY DIRECT WIRE—SPECIAL DISPATCH.]

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 31.—The season's largest crowd of spectators, including most of the turfmen here for the Tia Juana race meet, witnessed today's polo game at Coronado and saw another of the "form reversals" for which the thrilling game is becoming noted this year.

The White team, thought to be far inferior to the Red four and in receipt of a four-goal handicap allowance, played "rings around" their opponents, and won an easy victory, score 12 to 5. The Whites played brilliant polo, but their victory was a merited one.

Cliff M. Weatherwax, starting for the victors, sustained a hard fall in the third period. It was thought that he was seriously hurt, but he recovered after a few moments and was willing to resume play, but was prevailed on to retire. His horse slipped coming out of a scrimmage and the Aberdeen man had a nasty spill. Beyond a few bruises he escaped unhurt.

Earle, who played the best game he has shown at Coronado and held Malcolm Stevenson more than equal throughout. Max C. Fleischmann was the individual star, and, according to the experts present, showed the best form of his career. Mal. Lehm surprised with clever and consistent work, and Weatherwax also performed brilliantly until his enforced retirement.

The entire White team played with a dash and vim that took their opponents off their feet. Stevenson's usual dash was missing, and when the doughty leader does not play up to his usual unequalled form, his team-mates likewise falter. Vello repeatedly missed the ball, and while Le Boulanger failed to obtain a goal.

Light practice today will engage the players in preparation for Sunday's big game. The summary:

(Continued on Second Page.)

Enough Excitement.

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## Business E

"Sure," said Romanoff, and the lean, gray Russian well-man jumped around a big chair.

Marlinson worked out yesterday afternoon at the Western A. C. He will work out this morning at 10 o'clock, and will be open to the public. He wants everybody to see how good he is. His most recent achievement was to throw Lewis in the first round of the fourth to Lewis in the New York tournament. The first fall was in 17 minutes, the second in 18 minutes.

Lewis is bothered by his old complaint—lack of training partners. He has to practice and spend all the time until the match with Marlinson, the only one started by the Western A. C. and throwing the medicine ball around the gymnasium. Handball was what Gatch trained on, and Marlinson is the chief conditioner of Jack Johnson.

(Continued from First Page)

The Orange aggression against the crack Y.M.C.A. team took the season's best games of the season. The Y.M.C.A. team took the Creescents down the line and over the top. The Orangemen demonstrated their ability on the Clubmen. The situation of the two has passed to the local press.

In order to start the evening the Orange lightweights won the first round of the certain raiser. The Pansies showed considerable ability in

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| Year | Population | Area | Population | Area |
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| 1900 | 1,000      | 100  | 1,000      | 100  |
| 1910 | 1,000      | 100  | 1,000      | 100  |
| 1920 | 1,000      | 100  | 1,000      | 100  |
| 1930 | 1,000      | 100  | 1,000      | 100  |
| 1940 | 1,000      | 100  | 1,000      | 100  |
| 1950 | 1,000      | 100  | 1,000      | 100  |
| 1960 | 1,000      | 100  | 1,000      | 100  |
| 1970 | 1,000      | 100  | 1,000      | 100  |
| 1980 | 1,000      | 100  | 1,000      | 100  |
| 1990 | 1,000      | 100  | 1,000      | 100  |
| 2000 | 1,000      | 100  | 1,000      | 100  |
| 2010 | 1,000      | 100  | 1,000      | 100  |
| 2020 | 1,000      | 100  | 1,000      | 100  |
| 2030 | 1,000      | 100  | 1,000      | 100  |
| 2040 | 1,000      | 100  | 1,000      | 100  |
| 2050 | 1,000      | 100  | 1,000      | 100  |
| 2060 | 1,000      | 100  | 1,000      | 100  |
| 2070 | 1,000      | 100  | 1,000      | 100  |
| 2080 | 1,000      | 100  | 1,000      | 100  |
| 2090 | 1,000      | 100  | 1,000      | 100  |
| 2100 | 1,000      | 100  | 1,000      | 100  |



Business Page: Money, Stocks and Bonds—Grain—Mines—Financial Markets Abroad.

STEEL STATEMENT FAILS TO BOOST OTHER ISSUES.

Wall Street List is Heavy, with Metals the Only Strong Feature, Although Closing Prices are Made on Moderate Rally—New Low Record for Life Only Noteworthy Feature of the Exchange Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—The stock market did not make favorable response to the remarkable financial statement of the United States Steel Corporation, issued after the close of yesterday's session, and this encouraged the short interest to extend recent operations. Consideration of testimony brought out at the "leak" investigation was in some quarters considered one of the day's deterrent factors. Steel fluctuated throughout opening with a gain, which soon was forfeited, making full recovery at midday, and falling back again in the last hour, when the entire list, excepting steel, was at lowest level. First quotation of 11 1/2 represented a loss of 1 point. Bethlehem Steel issues were unusually active and weak, the old stock making an extreme decline of 17 points to 20 1/2, with a loss of 1/4 for the new shares, the "rights" there losing 2 points. Other heavy stocks included General Motors, which registered a gross loss of 4 points, with 1/4 for Atlantic Gulf and West Indies, and 1/4 for Industrial Alcohol. Popular industrials, petroleum, marine, sugars and equipments, lost 1 to 2 points. Rails were under moderate but persistent pressure, Canadian Pacific yielding 1/4, with 1 to 2 points for Union Pacific, St. Paul, Reading and Southern Railway, and 7 for St. Louis and San Francisco preferred. Metals, notably Utah Copper, which was 1/4 point higher at best, were the only strong feature, although further selling of bonds was made on a moderate rally. Total sales, 745,000 shares.

Life at the new low record of 750 furnished the only noteworthy feature of the foreign exchange market. Bonds were heavy on further selling of the international group. Total

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE TIMES, Los Angeles, Feb. 1, 1917. Bank closing yesterday was \$4,708,027.27, an increase of \$1,100,000, compared with the previous day's closing.

Stronger. UNION OIL HIGHER ON LOCAL EXCHANGE. ASSOCIATED BRINGS FIRM MOVES UP.

Home Telephone Issues Steady. Greater Interest in Los Angeles Investment—Metal Shares in Better Shape—San Francisco Moves Up.

Union Oil furnished a little excitement yesterday when it opened 1/2 points up at 128.00, and at one time the petroleum leader sold at 128.50, only to drop back to 127.75 at the close. This advance was induced by the heavy trading in the security Tuesday, which led the more optimistic bulls to believe that there would be a continuation of this buying power on Thursday. They were disappointed, however, as only 100 shares changed hands, not counting off-board transactions. The stock closed at 127.75, and the market seems to have been rather quiet. Associated was firm, and the bottom of the market seems to have been reached. The stock closed at 1.40.

Home Telephone issues brought the same quotations as on Tuesday, and there was but a superficial demand for the preferred and common stocks during the day. In the morning trading in Los Angeles Investment picked up, and 1000 shares were sold at 72. The metal shares were in better shape, and the turnover in this group was larger than the day before. Yellow Pine declined to 1.52 1/2, but the Outmans were steady. San Francisco rose to 1.07 1/2, and a steady upward movement in that stock is expected from now on. The closing bid, 1 1/2, offered at 2.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—Bar silver, 37 1/2 pence per ounce; money, 3 1/2 per cent.

STOCK QUOTATIONS IN NEW YORK.

(Quoted by Leggett & Street, Members New York and Boston Stock Exchanges, New York City.)

|   |
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| NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Following are the closing prices, gains and losses on the New York stock market: |
| Alcoa..... 11 1/2   |
| Aluminum..... 11 1/2  |
| Amalgamated..... 11 1/2   |
| Am. Can..... 11 1/2   |
| Am. Oil..... 11 1/2   |
| Am. Sugar..... 11 1/2   |
| Am. Tobacco..... 11 1/2   |
| Am. Wire..... 11 1/2  |
| Am. Zinc..... 11 1/2  |
| Am. Copper..... 11 1/2  |
| Am. Lead..... 11 1/2  |
| Am. Tin..... 11 1/2   |
| Am. Iron..... 11 1/2  |
| Am. Steel..... 11 1/2   |
| Am. Glass..... 11 1/2   |
| Am. Paper..... 11 1/2   |
| Am. Textile..... 11 1/2   |
| Am. Lumber..... 11 1/2  |
| Am. Shipbuilding..... 11 1/2  |
| Am. Marine..... 11 1/2  |
| Am. Sugar Refining..... 11 1/2  |
| Am. Tobacco Manufacturing..... 11 1/2   |
| Am. Wire Manufacturing..... 11 1/2  |
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# Business Page: Citrus Fruits, Butter and Eggs—Current Trade—Local Produce Markets

## COMMERCIAL.

### LOCAL PRODUCE MARKET.

In an endeavor to clean up their small remaining stock Los Angeles fruit dealers have lowered their prices on pomelos to \$1.25 a half-bushel. Pomelos are also winding up, although they still have nothing to do with prices asked for the fruit, yesterday's quotations being 10 to 12 cents a pound. Apples are firm, and it would not occasion surprise if a general advance was incorporated in all values within the next few days. Cranberries are about over for this season. The berries are moving very slowly at present, and in an attempt to move up the market, wholesalers have dropped their prices to \$5.50 and \$10.00 a barrel.

Wheat—Ontario jumped to \$5.50 a hundred Wednesday, and the brown variety was boosted to \$5.00. These advances were in line with production, and caused but little comment. As a matter of fact, \$10.00 a hundred weight is expected to be a hundredweight for both sorts within the next few days. Wheat and wheat flour are firm with a possibility of another advance in prices for northern sorts. Early wheat and American wheat are in the market, and are selling at the improved prices of \$2.00 to \$2.25 a bushel. A heavy demand from farmers for all kinds of seed.

Vegetables are selling for abnormal prices, and there appears to be little prospect of an easier supply, for same time of year. The California Legislature is well supplied by the present butter situation. On account of the total lack of storage stocks butter is today selling at the highest price in fifteen years. On the other hand, the butter market is not so bright. Yesterday morning creamery butter through \$1.00 a pound, but the market is not so bright. The butter market is not so bright. The butter market is not so bright.

### HOME BUTTER AND EGG QUOTATIONS.

BUTTER—Creamery extra, 43 per pound; first, 42; second, 41; third, 40; fourth, 39; fifth, 38; sixth, 37; seventh, 36; eighth, 35; ninth, 34; tenth, 33; eleventh, 32; twelfth, 31; thirteenth, 30; fourteenth, 29; fifteenth, 28; sixteenth, 27; seventeenth, 26; eighteenth, 25; nineteenth, 24; twentieth, 23; twenty-first, 22; twenty-second, 21; twenty-third, 20; twenty-fourth, 19; twenty-fifth, 18; twenty-sixth, 17; twenty-seventh, 16; twenty-eighth, 15; twenty-ninth, 14; thirtieth, 13; thirty-first, 12; thirty-second, 11; thirty-third, 10; thirty-fourth, 9; thirty-fifth, 8; thirty-sixth, 7; thirty-seventh, 6; thirty-eighth, 5; thirty-ninth, 4; fortieth, 3; forty-first, 2; forty-second, 1; forty-third, 0; forty-fourth, 0; forty-fifth, 0; forty-sixth, 0; forty-seventh, 0; forty-eighth, 0; forty-ninth, 0; fiftieth, 0.

### PRICES CURRENT.

CHEESE—California, 20¢; Oregon, 22¢; Wisconsin, 24¢; New York, 26¢; Pennsylvania, 28¢; Vermont, 30¢; New Jersey, 32¢; Maryland, 34¢; Delaware, 36¢; Virginia, 38¢; North Carolina, 40¢; South Carolina, 42¢; Georgia, 44¢; Florida, 46¢; Alabama, 48¢; Mississippi, 50¢; Louisiana, 52¢; Arkansas, 54¢; Missouri, 56¢; Illinois, 58¢; Indiana, 60¢; Ohio, 62¢; Michigan, 64¢; Wisconsin, 66¢; Minnesota, 68¢; Iowa, 70¢; Kansas, 72¢; Nebraska, 74¢; Oklahoma, 76¢; Texas, 78¢; Colorado, 80¢; Utah, 82¢; Arizona, 84¢; New Mexico, 86¢; Nevada, 88¢; Idaho, 90¢; Montana, 92¢; Wyoming, 94¢; North Dakota, 96¢; South Dakota, 98¢; Nebraska, 100¢; Kansas, 102¢; Oklahoma, 104¢; Texas, 106¢; Colorado, 108¢; Utah, 110¢; Arizona, 112¢; New Mexico, 114¢; Nevada, 116¢; Idaho, 118¢; Montana, 120¢; Wyoming, 122¢; North Dakota, 124¢; South Dakota, 126¢; Nebraska, 128¢; Kansas, 130¢; Oklahoma, 132¢; Texas, 134¢; Colorado, 136¢; Utah, 138¢; Arizona, 140¢; New Mexico, 142¢; Nevada, 144¢; Idaho, 146¢; Montana, 148¢; Wyoming, 150¢; North Dakota, 152¢; South Dakota, 154¢; Nebraska, 156¢; Kansas, 158¢; Oklahoma, 160¢; Texas, 162¢; Colorado, 164¢; Utah, 166¢; Arizona, 168¢; New Mexico, 170¢; Nevada, 172¢; Idaho, 174¢; Montana, 176¢; Wyoming, 178¢; North Dakota, 180¢; South Dakota, 182¢; Nebraska, 184¢; Kansas, 186¢; Oklahoma, 188¢; Texas, 190¢; Colorado, 192¢; Utah, 194¢; Arizona, 196¢; New Mexico, 198¢; Nevada, 200¢; Idaho, 202¢; Montana, 204¢; Wyoming, 206¢; North Dakota, 208¢; South Dakota, 210¢; Nebraska, 212¢; Kansas, 214¢; Oklahoma, 216¢; Texas, 218¢; Colorado, 220¢; Utah, 222¢; Arizona, 224¢; New Mexico, 226¢; Nevada, 228¢; Idaho, 230¢; Montana, 232¢; Wyoming, 234¢; North Dakota, 236¢; South Dakota, 238¢; Nebraska, 240¢; Kansas, 242¢; Oklahoma, 244¢; Texas, 246¢; Colorado, 248¢; Utah, 250¢; Arizona, 252¢; New Mexico, 254¢; Nevada, 256¢; Idaho, 258¢; Montana, 260¢; Wyoming, 262¢; North Dakota, 264¢; South Dakota, 266¢; Nebraska, 268¢; Kansas, 270¢; Oklahoma, 272¢; Texas, 274¢; Colorado, 276¢; Utah, 278¢; Arizona, 280¢; New Mexico, 282¢; Nevada, 284¢; Idaho, 286¢; Montana, 288¢; Wyoming, 290¢; North Dakota, 292¢; South Dakota, 294¢; Nebraska, 296¢; Kansas, 298¢; Oklahoma, 300¢; Texas, 302¢; Colorado, 304¢; Utah, 306¢; Arizona, 308¢; New Mexico, 310¢; Nevada, 312¢; Idaho, 314¢; Montana, 316¢; Wyoming, 318¢; North Dakota, 320¢; South Dakota, 322¢; Nebraska, 324¢; Kansas, 326¢; Oklahoma, 328¢; Texas, 330¢; Colorado, 332¢; Utah, 334¢; Arizona, 336¢; New Mexico, 338¢; Nevada, 340¢; Idaho, 342¢; Montana, 344¢; Wyoming, 346¢; North Dakota, 348¢; South Dakota, 350¢; Nebraska, 352¢; Kansas, 354¢; Oklahoma, 356¢; Texas, 358¢; Colorado, 360¢; Utah, 362¢; Arizona, 364¢; New Mexico, 366¢; Nevada, 368¢; Idaho, 370¢; Montana, 372¢; Wyoming, 374¢; North Dakota, 376¢; South Dakota, 378¢; Nebraska, 380¢; Kansas, 382¢; Oklahoma, 384¢; Texas, 386¢; Colorado, 388¢; Utah, 390¢; Arizona, 392¢; New Mexico, 394¢; Nevada, 396¢; Idaho, 398¢; Montana, 400¢; Wyoming, 402¢; North Dakota, 404¢; South Dakota, 406¢; Nebraska, 408¢; Kansas, 410¢; Oklahoma, 412¢; Texas, 414¢; Colorado, 416¢; Utah, 418¢; Arizona, 420¢; New Mexico, 422¢; Nevada, 424¢; Idaho, 426¢; Montana, 428¢; Wyoming, 430¢; North Dakota, 432¢; South Dakota, 434¢; Nebraska, 436¢; Kansas, 438¢; Oklahoma, 440¢; Texas, 442¢; Colorado, 444¢; Utah, 446¢; Arizona, 448¢; New Mexico, 450¢; Nevada, 452¢; Idaho, 454¢; Montana, 456¢; Wyoming, 458¢; North Dakota, 460¢; South Dakota, 462¢; Nebraska, 464¢; Kansas, 466¢; Oklahoma, 468¢; Texas, 470¢; Colorado, 472¢; Utah, 474¢; Arizona, 476¢; New Mexico, 478¢; Nevada, 480¢; Idaho, 482¢; Montana, 484¢; Wyoming, 486¢; North Dakota, 488¢; South Dakota, 490¢; Nebraska, 492¢; Kansas, 494¢; Oklahoma, 496¢; Texas, 498¢; Colorado, 500¢; Utah, 502¢; Arizona, 504¢; New Mexico, 506¢; Nevada, 508¢; Idaho, 510¢; Montana, 512¢; Wyoming, 514¢; North Dakota, 516¢; South Dakota, 518¢; Nebraska, 520¢; Kansas, 522¢; Oklahoma, 524¢; Texas, 526¢; Colorado, 528¢; Utah, 530¢; Arizona, 532¢; New Mexico, 534¢; Nevada, 536¢; Idaho, 538¢; Montana, 540¢; Wyoming, 542¢; North Dakota, 544¢; South Dakota, 546¢; Nebraska, 548¢; Kansas, 550¢; Oklahoma, 552¢; Texas, 554¢; Colorado, 556¢; Utah, 558¢; Arizona, 560¢; New Mexico, 562¢; Nevada, 564¢; Idaho, 566¢; Montana, 568¢; Wyoming, 570¢; North Dakota, 572¢; South Dakota, 574¢; Nebraska, 576¢; Kansas, 578¢; Oklahoma, 580¢; Texas, 582¢; Colorado, 584¢; Utah, 586¢; Arizona, 588¢; New Mexico, 590¢; Nevada, 592¢; Idaho, 594¢; Montana, 596¢; Wyoming, 598¢; North Dakota, 600¢; South Dakota, 602¢; Nebraska, 604¢; Kansas, 606¢; Oklahoma, 608¢; Texas, 610¢; Colorado, 612¢; Utah, 614¢; Arizona, 616¢; New Mexico, 618¢; Nevada, 620¢; Idaho, 622¢; Montana, 624¢; Wyoming, 626¢; North Dakota, 628¢; South Dakota, 630¢; Nebraska, 632¢; Kansas, 634¢; Oklahoma, 636¢; Texas, 638¢; Colorado, 640¢; Utah, 642¢; Arizona, 644¢; New Mexico, 646¢; Nevada, 648¢; Idaho, 650¢; Montana, 652¢; Wyoming, 654¢; North Dakota, 656¢; South Dakota, 658¢; Nebraska, 660¢; Kansas, 662¢; Oklahoma, 664¢; Texas, 666¢; Colorado, 668¢; Utah, 670¢; Arizona, 672¢; New Mexico, 674¢; Nevada, 676¢; Idaho, 678¢; Montana, 680¢; Wyoming, 682¢; North Dakota, 684¢; South Dakota, 686¢; Nebraska, 688¢; Kansas, 690¢; Oklahoma, 692¢; Texas, 694¢; Colorado, 696¢; Utah, 698¢; Arizona, 700¢; New Mexico, 702¢; Nevada, 704¢; Idaho, 706¢; Montana, 708¢; Wyoming, 710¢; North Dakota, 712¢; South Dakota, 714¢; Nebraska, 716¢; Kansas, 718¢; Oklahoma, 720¢; Texas, 722¢; Colorado, 724¢; Utah, 726¢; Arizona, 728¢; New Mexico, 730¢; Nevada, 732¢; Idaho, 734¢; Montana, 736¢; Wyoming, 738¢; North Dakota, 740¢; South Dakota, 742¢; Nebraska, 744¢; Kansas, 746¢; Oklahoma, 748¢; Texas, 750¢; Colorado, 752¢; Utah, 754¢; Arizona, 756¢; New Mexico, 758¢; Nevada, 760¢; Idaho, 762¢; Montana, 764¢; Wyoming, 766¢; North Dakota, 768¢; South Dakota, 770¢; Nebraska, 772¢; Kansas, 774¢; Oklahoma, 776¢; Texas, 778¢; Colorado, 780¢; Utah, 782¢; Arizona, 784¢; New Mexico, 786¢; Nevada, 788¢; Idaho, 790¢; Montana, 792¢; Wyoming, 794¢; North Dakota, 796¢; South Dakota, 798¢; Nebraska, 800¢; 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